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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 290 BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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JAPAN BEGINS WAR AGAINST U.S.A.

Raids On Hawaii And Manila

U. S. Takes Up Challenge And Orders Full-Scale Mobilisation

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

THE WHITE HOUSE SAYS THE JAPANESE ATTACKED PEARL HARBOUR, HAWAII, BY AIR.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SAID AN ATTACK WAS ALSO MADE ON ALL NAVAL AND MILITARY ACTIVITIES ON THE PRINCIPAL ISLAND OF OAHU.

The Japanese envoys were at the State Department at the time when the White House announcement was made.

NAVAL ENAGEMENT AT HONOLULU

HONOLULU, Dec. 7.

A naval engagement is now in progress, off Honolulu.

U. S. REPLY TO JAPANESE CHALLENGE

WASHINGTON:—WAR DEPARTMENT HAS ORDERED ALL MILITARY PERSONNEL IN THE UNITED STATES TO BE MOBILISED.

MANILA ATTACKED

THE WHITE HOUSE REPORTED TO-DAY (SUNDAY) THAT JAPANESE AIR ATTACKS ON HAWAII AND THE ISLAND OF MANILA IN THE PHILIPPINES HAD TAKEN PLACE. THE WHITE HOUSE FIRST ANNOUNCED THE ATTACK ON THE HAWAIIAN ISLAND OF OAHU AND THE BIG NAVAL BASE AT PEARL HARBOUR. A FEW MINUTES LATER IT ANNOUNCED AN AIR ATTACK ON THE FAR EASTERN BASTION OF MANILA.

JAPANESE BOMBERS RAID HONOLULU

WASHINGTON.—At least two Japanese bombers appeared over Honolulu at about 07-35 (Honolulu time) and dropped bombs.

NEW YORK.—Unverified reports from Honolulu say a foreign warship appeared off Pearl Harbour and began firing at the defences.

PUTTING U.S. PLAN INTO EXECUTION

WASHINGTON.—President Roosevelt ordered the Army and the Navy to carry out undisclosed orders prepared for the defence of the United States.

The White House announce that a United States Army Transport carrying lumber was torpedoed 1,300 miles, west of San Francisco.

OIL TANKS FIRED

HONOLULU.—Bombers scored two hits, one on Hickham Field, an air corps post, on Oahu Island, and another at Pearl Harbour, setting oil tanks on fire, according to first reports. American anti aircraft opened up and the sky was filled with American war planes.

Japanese attacks on Hawaii and Manila are still in progress, says the White House.

5 KILLED: MANY INJURED

HONOLULU.—At least five were killed and many injured in the air attack this morning.

Untold damage has been done at Pearl Harbour naval base and the city of Honolulu, according to the National Broadcasting Corporation Observer.—Reuter.

(The Hawaii Islands are a Group of islands in the Pacific Ocean, covering a territory of 6,449 square miles, and belong to the United States. They were discovered by Capt. Cook. The population of the Group is 363,336.

Hawaii is the chief island of the Group.

Oahu Island which also belongs to the Group has a population of 202 837.

Manila is the capital of the Philippine Islands with a population of 283,306.)

Honolulu is the seaport and capital of Oahu Island with a population of 137,522.

TOKYO.—PREMIER TOJO AND OTHER CABINET MINISTERS WILL "CLARIFY JAPAN'S PRESENT AND FUTURE BASIC POLICIES", STATES THE OFFICIAL JAPANESE NEWS AGENCY, AT A FIVE-DAY CONFERENCE OF NATIONAL SERVICE ASSOCIATIONS TO BE HELD IN TOKYO FROM DECEMBER 8TH TO 12TH.

The Japanese News Agency states that "tremendous importance" is being attached in Japanese circles to this Conference.

ENVOYS TO CALL AT STATE DEPT.

WASHINGTON.—The Japanese envoys have arranged to call at the State Department on Sunday night.

MOSCOW RAIDED

LONDON:—During the night of Saturday-Sunday German aircraft raided Moscow, states the German radio. Bombs were dropped on military objectives and fires were observed on the Briansk Railway Station.

STOP PRESS

JAPAN DECLARES WAR ON U.S. & BR.

LONDON, Dec. 8.

Japan has declared war on the United States and Britain.—Reuter.

ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

When announcing President Roosevelt's action for protection of American territories the Presidential Secretary, Mr. Early, declared that so far as was known now the attacks were "made wholly without warning, when both nationals were at peace, and were delivered within an hour or so of the time that the Japanese Ambassadors had gone to the State Department to hand the Secretary of State Japan's reply to Mr. Cordell Hull's note of November 26th."—Reuter.

EXPLOSION AT LAST

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Further developments were awaited here at high tension. Newsmen hurriedly commissioned from week-end rest, swarmed official departments seeking further news. Everyone agreed that there could be, no doubt, that the Far Eastern situation had at last exploded and that the United States was at war thus spreading the conflict over the entire world. Earlier announcement that the Japanese Envoys would visit the State Department to-night was a surprise, but few can have expected such a dramatic sequel—that they actually within the State Department when the news broke.—Reuter.

SATYAGRAHA TO GO ON UNINTERRUPTED

'To Suspend Anti-War Activity Would Be To Deny Myself,' Says Gandhiji

But Those Released Need Not Make Indecent Haste To Go Back

Exemption To Those Who Want Bombay Decision Of Congress To Be Reversed

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 7.

"The Working Committee and A. I. C. C. members must not offer Satyagraha nor should those interested in reversing the Bombay decision do so. Apart from these, Civil Disobedience should continue without interruption," observes Mahatma Gandhi in a lengthy statement wherein he holds that Civil Disobedience without constructive programme will not lead India to independence. So shorn of it, Civil Disobedience becomes a violent method, which is bound to prove ineffective in the end, says Mahatma Gandhi.

NO INDECENT HASTE

Replying to a question whether discharged Satyagrahis should hold or attend meetings and deliver speeches, he says they should do so. "I don't want them to offer Civil Disobedience again immediately. That would be indecent haste but ordinary Civil Disobedience may go on."

ANTI-WAR ACTIVITY TO GO ON

"Let it be known I have no authority to suspend Civil Disobedience on extraneous grounds. That is for the Congress to do," Mahatma Gandhi adds. "As a man sworn to peace, at this critical moment to suspend anti-war activity, would be to deny myself."

'JAIL DELIVERY IS CHALLENGE TO CONVENE A. I. C. C.'

WARDHAGANJ, Dec. 7.

Following is the full text of Mahatma Gandhi's statement:—

"The jail delivery that is going on apace of Satyagrahis must be taken as a challenge to convene a meeting of the A. I. C. C. which the Government of India have been evidently induced to expect, will reverse the Bombay decision, whose working is reflected in my conduct of the Satyagraha campaign. I have, therefore, advised the Maulana Saheb to convene a meeting of the Working Committee and the A. I. C. C. at an early date, but until that decision is reversed Civil Disobedience has to go on.

"I must admit, however, that the conduct of campaign has been rendered difficult by the Government action in discharging Civil Disobedience prisoners, but if we are to reach our goal, we have to cut our way through every difficulty. This one is nothing compared to what we are likely to have to face before we come into our own.

Those Exempted

"If the A. I. C. C. meeting is to come, as it must, pending the meeting, members of the Working Committee and the A. I. C. C. must not offer Civil Disobedience nor should those who are interested in reversing the Bombay decision.

Apart from these, Civil Disobedience should continue without interruption. Of course it will stand suspended on X'mas day, Boxing day and new Year's day.

"The question naturally arises whether Civil Disobedience is to be offered in the usual manner by reciting the prescribed formula or in some other manner.

I like the formula method. It gives directness and symmetry to the movement. There is great power in the reciting of the same formula in the same manner. It rivets the attention of the masses and men of identical theme. The formula is not a mean thing. It is a protest of the nation against war as an arbitrator. It is a message of peace on earth and goodwill towards manking. What is individual formula to-day will become, in due time, that of the masses, but the authorities having discharged symbolical Satyagrahis may refuse to re-arrest them for reciting slogans.

TWO WAYS OPEN.

"There are then two ways open to us: if they do not re-arrest, there need be no dismay and demoralisation, the jail is not our objective. Freedom of speech is the immediate objective. If recitation is not objected to, we have advanced somewhat towards our objective and it will be foolish to court imprisonment for the sake of it.

Dismay and demoralisation arise because Congressmen in general have not realised the inevitable connection between constructive programme and

(Continued on Page 5)

Last Step To Avert Clash

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The President's direct message to the Emperor of Japan is immediately interpreted in well-informed circles in Washington as a reflection of his dissatisfaction with the explanation made by Premier Tojo through the two envoys here regarding the reason for the Japanese troop concentrations in the French Indo-China.

The message is also viewed as possibly a step of the last resort to avert an open break with Japan, since it was considered unlikely that President Roosevelt would communicate directly with the Emperor unless virtually all hope was abandoned of a satisfactory adjustment of the Japanese American difficulties through the usual diplomatic channels.

SEQUEL TO BR. DECLARATION OF WAR.

While the Navy department's announcement concerning the Finnish merchant ships in American ports applies to taking into custody by coastguards only, it is assumed that the action is the result of Britain's declaration of a state of war, with which it coincided. The following Finnish ships are known to be in the United States waters:—"Bolovia" at Boston on December 4, "Kuutanes" and "Saimaa" both at New York on December 5, "Aavane" at Philadelphia on December 5, "Aagot" at Baltimore on December 5 and "Aurora" at New Portnews on December 5.

Maritime commission officials stated that Finland had 24 ships operating in the Western Hemisphere under a safe conduct guarantee by Britain, one being of Durban registry, 12 under the Finnish Flag, and 11 under the Pan-American flag.—Reuter.

Japanese Naval Units Sighted

SINGAPORE Dec. 7.

An official British statement says that Japanese naval units, including cruisers, were sighted by R. A. F. Catalina flying boats operating 300 miles from their bases steaming northwestward after passing port Camo.—Reuter.

EARLIER

JAPANESE CONVOYS MOVING SOUTH

SINGAPORE, Dec. 7.

The situation undoubtedly has taken a serious turn with the revelation that a considerable Japanese naval force has passed the southern tip of Indo-China, some 300 miles from the coast of Malaya, and is now steaming northwest in the direction of Bangkok, says Reuter's correspondent.

It may be assumed that Saturday night's sudden recall of all British naval and other personnel was taken when the presence of this Japanese expedition was first noted. When units of considerable size belonging to fleets of countries whose relations are strained as those of Japan, Britain and United States begin cruising around within range of each other. There is the inevitable risk of some spark flying which may start a major conflagration.

Officials here do not minimise the gravity of the latest developments, but express the belief that a clash may still be avoided and every effort is being made to prevent undue pessimism.

President Roosevelt's appeal direct to the Japanese Emperor has raised hopes that saner counsels may prevail in Japan to call a halt to the present dangerous developments in the Far East.

SHIPPING ACTIVITIES

SINGAPORE.—An official statement says: "Air reconnaissance in the South China Sea, which has been in progress for several days, has confirmed the previous reports of considerable shipping activity and the movement of naval vessels including cruisers. This movement is now round Camo Point, and thence in a north-westernly direction. Our reconnaissance was well carried out by Catalina Flying Boats of the R.A.F. and Hudsons of the R.A.A.F. It is interesting to note that contact by aircraft from Malaya was

(Continued on Page 5.)

ROSTOV PUTS BACK HAND OF NAZI CLOCK

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, December 7.

The view that Russia's victory in Rostov has put back the date of possible German offensive against the Caucasus, is expressed by responsible British military source in Baghdad.

Britain Not Inactive

The British in Iraq have been rushing forward preparations to deal with the possibility of a 'panzer' drive against the oil fields in the Caucasus and Persia.

Chain Of Defences

Taking advantage of the respite the entire north-eastern frontier of Iraq is being covered by a chain of defences strong as those at Tobruk.

Behind these the British are building aerodromes from which our airmen will be able to harass any German drive long before land forces can come to grip with it.

Gen. Blamey On Progress Of Middle East Campaign

RANGOON, Dec. 6.

British campaign in the Western Desert is progressing satisfactorily, General Sir Thomas Blamey, Deputy Commander-in-Chief Middle East informed Reuter when he arrived.

General Blamey who is returning to the Middle East after visiting Australia declared that British and Imperial forces have made considerable advances. He added that if it was correctly reported that Vichy had granted the Germans the use of Tunis ports for operations against Britain, it was a just admission that the Axis was beaten in the Mediterranean and was unable to maintain supplies and reinforcements for Libya by the existing route. The use of Tunis ports as bases would present the Axis with the greatest difficulties in maintaining supplies the only road available being an exposed coastal one.—A. P.

CONGRESS CABINET TO MEET AT WARDHA

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7.

ENQUIRIES MADE BY THE "UNITED PRESS" INDICATE THAT THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE IS NOT LIKELY TO MEET UNTIL AFTER MAHATMA GANDHI RETURNS TO WARDHA FROM BARDOLI.—UNITED PRESS.

NAPLES RAIDED

LONDON, December 7.

During the night of December 5th and 6th Naples was again raided. Bombs fell on the Royal Arsenal, a torpedo factory an airframe factory and marshalling yards. Explosions and fires were caused. From these and other operations 12 of our aircraft are missing but three pilots are safe."—Reuter.

RUSSIANS MENACE PARIUPOL

Tikhvin Cut Off?

LONDON, Dec. 7.

On the Russian front there is no indication of any well defined developments. The general trend of available information is decidedly favourable to Russia.

In the south pursuit of General Kliest's retreating armies is being pressed with vigour and determination. It is stated that the Town Pariupol is now menaced by the Russian advance. This is 100 miles west of Rostov and would represent a very considerable achievement for General Cherevichenko's forces.

At Moscow the Germans claim to have made some progress in the Mojaisk Sector due west of the capital, but the Russians say that they have driven a wedge into the German advance which neutralises the German progress There is also an unconfirmed report that Tikhvin has been cut off by the Russians.

The weather has deteriorated in all these regions, and snow and bitter cold must equally trying to both the adversaries. The battle for Moscow has now lasted nine weeks and in all that period there has been very little change in place names involved. This is the most convincing proof that the Germans have so far, at all events, failed in their object.—Reuter.

Nazi Offensive On Don Basin Stopped

Kujbishev: The German offensive in the centre on the Don Basin, which was launched several days ago by General Schwedler, has been stopped and Soviet troops are now energetically pushing the enemy back.—Reuter.

LITVINOV IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

M. Litvinov, the Soviet Ambassador to the United States arrived in Washington by air.—Reuter.

N. Z. WAR CABINET MEETS

WELLINGTON: The New Zealand War Cabinet met several times today (Sunday). It has been in continuous contact with the position in the Far East Deputy Premier Nash stated. It has been in consultation with the Chiefs of staff as well as the Prime Minister, who is out of Wellington.

Our Tabulated Adlets

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STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted:—A cultured beautiful young bride for a young wealthy Zamindar. No caste restriction. Apply with photographs to Box No. 15429,, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young man with no relations independent means desires to marry a girl. Please reply to Box No. 15359, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted educated and graceful girl, age between 20 and 30, for a Bisa Agarwal issueless widower of 36. He is a highly cultured nobleman of U.P. owning extensive Zemindaries and ready cash. Separate nett income from properties and investments in Government papers exceeds Rs. 7,000 per month. Dowry absolutely no question; accomplishments of girl will be considered only. The marriage will be celebrated shortly; to save time, details as to age, parentage, education, and address should be given immediately. Letters without details will not be considered. Apply Box No. 15434, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted experienced Mechanical Draughtsman for Engineering drawing office. Applications with copies of testimonials should be forwarded to Box No. 6743 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for Sheth Goculdas Tejpal Charities Office, an experienced Gujarati Hindu B.Com. or G. D. A. Knowledge of typing essential. Apply, stating age, salary etc., to Secretary, 7 Bastion Road, Fort. (15466)

Applications are invited for the post of Asstt. in Electrical Department of Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution. Qualifications Academic and teaching experience. Salary Rs. 60/- to 100/- p.m. according to qualification. Applications together with copies of certificates should reach Secretary of Institution before 20th December. (6721)

Public Service Examinations. Excellent jobs with high pay and bright prospects frequently arise in Government of India Service. For particulars of age limits, rates of pay, etc., write stating age and education to B.I.E.T. 112 Lloyd Building, Ballard Estate Bombay. (6372)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course, scholarship Rs 50 and Railway fare terms Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (15173

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Free for Matric Students! Bombay University Papers in Algebra and Geometry from 1931 to 1941. Send five Annas Postal Stamps to Jivraj Gandhi, B.A., Surat. (15430)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BANK MANAGER WANTED

A NEW BANK being formed in Bombay with an authorised Capital of Rs. 2,50,00,000/- is prepared to consider co-operation of a first-rate Banker of any nationality to work as General Manager. Salary according to qualifications but not exceeding Rs. 2,000/- per mensem with suitable car allowance. Candidates must be thoroughly experienced in the line and must have put in long service on an identical post in any Bank of repute and long standing in India. Services required from 1st March, 1942. Please apply before 31st December, 1941, in detail to Box No. 6718, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the sale of a property situated at the junction of Sir Phirozshaw Mehta Road and New Parsi Bazar Street with a pucca building of a ground and two upper floors thereon with open spaces on both the roads and known as Bai Bhicaiji Bengalee School. The land is Freehold and admeasures about 1050 square yards. The offers should be addressed to the Trustees of the Parsi Girls' School Association, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, on or before the ninth day of December, 1941. 6717

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY invites applicants for the following temporary posts:—

(1) INSPECTORS or SURVEYORS on Rs. 150/- to Rs. 250/- per mensem *plus* Rs. 20/- conveyance allowance, according to qualifications and experience. Applicants should possess the qualifications of B.E. (Civil), an equivalent degree of any other University, or D.C.E. or G.D. (Arch.), with experience of building design and construction

(2) DRAUGHTSMEN on Rs. 55/- per mensem.

The duration of the posts will be about three months. Applicants should state age, qualifications and experience and should forward copies of certificates or testimonials which will not be returned. Applications should be made to the Assistant A.R.P. Controller (Technical), Council Hall, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay up till 2nd January, 1942.

D. SYMINGTON,
A.R.P. Controller, Bombay. 6713

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Three Famous Gems—Wanning Tilly Oil—excellent remedy for Disease of the Liver and Gall system—kidney troubles, Kidney Stones extra Wanning Laxative Pills:—are composed exclusively from vegetable substances, assist the functions of the intestines in a natural way. Haemorrhoid-ointment—for piles Anal Fruritus, Oxyuris, ulcerations. Sold in a practical pure tin collapsible tube with canula. Write for full particulars:—The Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road. (15444)

251 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS.

Sale or long lease—fully equipped 55 acre farm and other lands vicinity large cantonment town. Excellent prospects dairy, poultry farming, fruit, vegetable growing etc. T. P. Boyce Co., Belgaum (15449)

252. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Crude, Fibre Powder Asbestos and Amorphous Graphite. Regular supply. Immediate Delivery Open for contract. Apply Box No. 15450, "Bombay Chronicle."

FORECAST

Earn Rs. 126/- with guarantee with a nominal investment of Rs 12 within any six days. See M Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, Opp. Thos. Cook. (15427)

Public Notices

WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD. SATARA CITY.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE HEREBY invited for envelopes required by the Company's Head Office for the year 1942-43.

Enquiries from Indian Firms for conditions of tenders and other information should be addressed to the Manager not later than 15th December, 1941.

MANAGER.
(6711)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that applications for grants-in-aid from institutions carrying out any of the obligatory or discretionary duties of the Corporation in the City of Bombay during the year 1942-43 should be submitted to the Corporation not later than 15th December, 1941, together with a copy of Annual Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the previous year. Applications received after that date will not be considered.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 5th December, 1941.
(6741)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from degree or diploma holders in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering. Practical experience of at least 3 years in Boring, Oil Engines, Diesel Tractors, Agricultural Implements, Blasting and Electric Motor Pumps desirable, Pay Rs. 100/- P. M.

Application forms are available by request addressed to the Superintendent, Commissioner of Agriculture's Office. The applications with supporting evidence of experience and ability must be sent in not later than 5th January, 1942.

Knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi desirable.

R. G. ALLAN,
Commissioner of Agriculture,
Baroda State.
Baroda,
D/-4th December, 1941.
6731.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the supply of drugs, Medicines, Medical Appliances, Surgical Dressings, etc. to the Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries (excluding the K.E.M. Hospital) in charge of the Health Department and to the other Departments for one year, from 1-3-1942 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 19-12-1941 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.)

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed "TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MEDICINES ETC. TO MUNICIPAL HOSPITALS & DISPENSARIES UNDER HEALTH AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of contracts, specifications, etc. and any other information will be supplied to any one applying for the same by the undersigned. A charge of Rs. 5/- will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

Only those firms which have Bonded Laboratories in the City of Bombay should quote for spirituous drugs. The successful Tenderer will have to arrange for obtaining permits if any required under the excise rules for the supply of spirituous drugs.

The attention of the Tenderers is invited to the general and special directions accompanying the Tender.

By order of the Municipal
Commissioner,
B. C. DAS GUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 2nd December, 1941.
(6741)

SHOLAPUR MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

WANTED—Applications are invited for the following posts,—

(1) PUBLIC HEALTH OVERSEER, B.E., with five years' experience of Drainage works on Rs. 100-5-150 E.B.-10-200 + 2 Cycle allowance P.M.

(2) DRAFTSMAN or TRACER on Rs. 30-1-40 P.M.

Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th December, 1941, stating age, caste, qualifications and previous experience with copies of testimonials

The appointments will be made in the first instance on six months probation.

Selected Candidates will have to attend for interview at their own expenses, if called for. Experienced Candidates may be given preference on higher salary in the scale of the above post of the Public Health Overseer.

KALIDAS D. DESAI,
President
Sholapur Municipality
Sholapur Municipal Office
1st December, 1941. (6694)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE GOCULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SECOND DIVIDEND of Rs. 10/- Rupees ten per share of Rs. 100/- each will be paid on after 16th. December, 1941, from 11 a.m. to 12 p.m. (S.T.) on Saturdays and on other week days from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. (S.T.)

By order of the Board,
VALLABHDAS DAYAL & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay 5th. December, 1941
6746.

NOTICE

THE BHURTPORE PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND of Rs. 1/- (Rupee one) per share of Rs. 100/- each, will be paid on and after the 16th. December, 1941, from 11 a.m. to 12 a.m. (S.T.) on Saturdays and from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. (S.T.) on the other week days.

By order of the Board,
PREMJI OOKERDA & CO.,
Secretaries & Agents.
Bombay 5th. December, 1941.
6745.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

Dr. H. K. SEN'S LECTURES on "RECENT PROGRESS IN THE CHEMISTRY AND TECHNOLOGY OF PLASTICS."

Dr. H. K. SEN, M.A., D.Sc. (Lond.), F.N.I., Director, Indian Lac Research Institute, Ranchi, will deliver under the auspices of the University of Bombay, a series of three lectures on "Recent Progress in the Chemistry and Technology of Plastics" in Lecture Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science, Fort, Bombay, on the 8th, 9th and 10th December, 1941, commencing at 5-45 p.m. each day.

Professor K. Venkataraman, D.Sc., F.I.C., A.M.I.Chem.E., will preside.

D. N. MARSHALL,
Ag. University Registrar
Bombay, 2nd December, 1941.
(6733)

THE HINDUSTAN CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at "CONSTRUCTION HOUSE", Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on FRIDAY, the 19th December, 1941, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the business as detailed in the Notice posted to Shareholders.

By Order of the Board
The Hindustan Construction Co. Ltd.

B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.

'Construction House',
Ballard Estate,
Bombay, 4th December, 1941.

N.B.—The Dividend on Ordinary Shares, if sanctioned, will be paid at the Company's Office at Construction House, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on and from TUESDAY, the 23rd December, 1941, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register as on FRIDAY, the 19th December, 1941.
(6742)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KHATAU PARSHOTAM, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon, situate at Samuel Street and DeSouza Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and eighty six square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 545-546, New No. 6197, Old Survey No. 923 and New Survey No. 2253 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 398 of Mandvi Division and bearing Municipal B Ward No. 1605 and Street Nos. 316-320, 117-119-121 and bounded, on the East by Samuel Street, on the West by DeSouza Street on the North by the property of Gordhandas Maharaj, on the South by the property of Daya Nathu.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1941.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
6743.

Public Notices

THE EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 24, Mangalore Street, (Frere Road), Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 22nd December, 1941, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) for transaction of the following business.

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1940 and six months ending 30th June, 1941.
(2) To sanction the declaration of Dividends.
(3) To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation
(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th December, 1941 to 2nd January, 1942, both days inclusive.

By the Order of the Board,
M. R. BUSHERI,
Chairman.

24, Mangalore Street, Fort,
Bombay 2nd December, 1941.

N. B.—The Dividend Warrants when sanctioned will be posted on and after 10th January, 1942, to those shareholders whose names stand on the register on the 20th December, 1941
(6742)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAGANLAL DEOSHANKER BHATT, DAMODAR MAGANLAL BHATT and PURSHOTAM DAMODAR BHATT as the karta and major members of a joint Hindu family, consisting of themselves and Ambalal Damodar Bhatt, Javeri Damodar Bhatt and Chandulal Purshotam Bhatt have agreed to sell to our client the properties at Kirol near Ghatkopar belonging to them and more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim or interest in the said properties or any of them or any part thereof either by way of sale, gift, trust, mortgage, inheritance, lease, lien, share or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim of which notice has not been received and the claim, if any, will be treated as waived

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL those several pieces or parcels of land or ground together with the buildings messuages tenements hereditaments and factory standing thereon situate, lying and being at Moulje Kirol near Ghatkopar in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban District and bearing the following particulars:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area Square yds.	Assessment R. a.p
11		(1	0	1682	2-10-0
,,	7	(0	1	68	0- 0-0
,,		(0	2	190	0- 0-0
,,		(0	3	394	0- 0-0
12	1 part	(13	0	57	0- 0-6
,,		(,,	6	25	0- 0-6
46	42	(0	2	121	0- 1-0
,,		(0	3	1298	0-10-0
,,	39	,,	4	60	0- 0-6
11	14	2		1089	
,,	6	3 4 & 5		1873	2- 2-0
,,	4	5		1301	1- 4-0
12	1 part	7		611	0-11-9
,,	1 part	(5 part (& 8		1260	0-10-6
12	1 part	5 part		691	0-12-0
,,	6	6		1472	2- 0-0

Dated this 6th day of December 1941.

DAPHTARY, FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(6745)

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT MUNSIF AT CALICUT.

Original Suit No. 435 of 1941.

B. RAMANATH KAMATH, trading under the name of B. Ramanath Kamath & Co., Calicut .. Plaintiff.

and

1. THAKKAR KHIMJI LAXMIDAS, (2.) THAKKAR UDDAVJI LAXMIDAS and (3.) THAKKAR RATANSI LAXMIDAS, Chiplun P.O., Ratnagiri District ..... Defendants.

THE ABOVE SUIT to recover Rs. 1,235-15-3 from all defendants is posted for final disposal to 12th December, 1941, on which date if defendants 2 and 3 fail to appear the suit will be heard and determined in their absence.

D. RAMAKRISHNA BHAT,
B.A., B.L.,
Plaintiff's vakil.
Calicut, 4-12-1941.
(6744)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary suit No. 1163 of 1941

CHHOTALAL GIRDHARLAL MEHTA (2.) CHANDULAL CHHOTALAL MEHTA and (3) SHIVLAL CHHOTALAL MEHTA ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. LILADHAR PRAGJI, a firm ..... Defendants.

To,
Sunderbai, widow of Virji Kanji
Pushpabai Gordhandas Kanji
Gordhandas Kanji
and
Mulraj Virji Kanji,
Partners of the Defendants firm,

NOTICE UNDER O. XXX r.5 OF THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

TAKE NOTICE that the Summons served herewith is served on you as a partner in the defendant firm of Messrs Liladhar Pragji a firm.

Dated this 18th day of Nov. 1941.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1163 of 1941.

Summary Suit.

Plaint filed this 8th day of September, 1941.

Sommons under O.XXXVII r.2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

CHHOTALAL GIRDHARLAL MEHTA (2.) CHANDULAL CHHOTALAL MEHTA, (3.) SHIVLAL CHHOTALAL MEHTA, carrying on business in the name of Shivlal and Bros. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. LILADHAR PRAGJI, a firm .... Defendants.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India. Greeting:

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for Rs 1,875/- in respect of the amount due by you to them under the Policy Insurance dated 8th August, 1940, in their favour and interest, you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 1,875/- and interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from 1st August, 1941, till judgment and the sum of Rs. 200/- for costs, together with such interest, if any, as the Court may order. If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the Plaintiffs will thereafter serve upon you a Summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the suit.

Leave to defend may be obtained if you satisfy the Court by affidavit or otherwise that there is a defence to the suit on the merits or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to defend the suit.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 13th day of September, 1941.

(Sd.) K. K DASTUP,
For Prothonotary
and Senior Master.

Messrs. THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR.
Plaintiffs Attorneys
(6744)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.) ON MONDAY the 15th December, 1941

AUCTION SALE OF ARMS & AMMUNITIONS SUCH AS GUNS, DAGGERS, CARTRIDGES, ETC. AT 2-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Wines & Spirits, cigarettes: wearing apparel, Art-silk piecegoods, etc. and enemy goods:—cotton woven labels, printing blocks, medicines, parts of machinery, photographic appliances, etc.

In accordance with Section 167 and 88 of the Sea Customs Act 8 of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. Menesse & Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 15th December 1941, at the abovementioned time at the New Customs House, Ballard Road the abovementioned unclaimed and confiscated goods belonging to the Government Customs Department.

MENESSE & CO.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai PURIBAI, widow of PURSHOTTAMDAS CHAKUBHAI, VITHALDAS PURSHOTTAMDAS, and BABUBHAI PURSHOTTAMDAS, a minor by his duly appointed guardian under Judge's Order dated the 5th December, 1941, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of Sale, Mortgage, Charge, Trust, Lien, Possession, Gift, Inheritance, Lease, Easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Narayan Dhru Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 247-1/24 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No. A/2700 Old Survey No. 3431 to 3440 to 3450 New Survey No. 2100 (part of) Cadastral Survey No. 638 of Mandvi Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "B" Ward No. 881 and Street No. 156 to 164 and 65 to 70 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Narayan Dhru Street, on or towards the West and North by the property of Uttamlal Muljl on or towards the South by Nagdevi Cross Lane.

Bombay dated this 6th day of December, 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6740.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G. I. P. RLY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Rly. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 23rd December 1941, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the above place unclaimed goods including Bags of Javari, Bajri Masur, Dall, Powa, Linseed, Castor seed, Chunni, Toor, Turmeric, Rice, G. N. Seed, Dhana, Gram Rapeseed, Hirda, Wheat, Sugar, B. Nuts, Baskets of Glass Bangles, Bundles of Gunny bags, E. Tins, Papers, I. bars, Iron hoops, nails, Hemp, Jagree, B. Leaves, Stones, Copper sheets, C. I. sheets, Medicine, Acid, Brooms, Iron wares, Brass wares, Coir Rope, M. R. Tyres, Tins of Ghee, Oil, Muramba E. I. Casks, Cases of Champles, Shoes, Soaps, Tea, Hardware, Hosiery, Haberdashery, Elec. Goods, Cycle goods, Slates, Bales of Cotton pieces of Tarpaulins and condemned Ropes and Match Wood Logs etc., etc.

Terms—Full amount or 50 per cent. deposit and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 1st January, 1942.

AUCTION WILL BE HELD AT THE DAK BUNGALOW AT RAJAPUR IN RATNAGIRI DISTRICT.

Auction Sale of garden land with houses at Rajapur in Ratnagiri District.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver in suit No. 1367 of 1937 (Memonabai v/s. Khursedbai) Messrs. Bennett & Co. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 11th December, 1941, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Dak Bungalow at Rajapur in Ratnagiri District the undermentioned:—

All that piece of land admeasuring about 21 Acres and 12 3/4 Gunthas. Assessment Rs. 18 annas five, with houses, trees, water courses, cattle sheds and appurtenances of all kinds situate at the village of Kasha Rajapur District Ratnagiri bearing survey Nos. 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 113, 121; Plot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 13, 14.

For further particulars apply to Messrs Pereira Fazalbhai & Co. Solicitors Esplanade Road or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MISTRY & CO.

GRAND 'BONAFIDE' AUCTION SALE OF MODERN BUNGALOW and OFFICE FURNITURE, Rich Cut Glassware, Crockery, Curtains, Carpets, Pictures, etc. at Warden Bungalow, Iran Consulate Premises Opp. Post Office, Colaba, on SUNDAY, 14th inst. at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Property will be on view 2 days before the sale

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
T. No. 22801.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

NEW EMPIRE
4. 6-30 & 10 P. M.

EXTRA:+
EXCLUSIVE FIGHT PICTURES OF
BILLY CONN VS. JOE LOUIS

It's Realistic... It's Romantic... It's A Drama Of Love-Life—
NAVYUG'S
Sangam

NOTE THE TIMINGS:
MARATHI: 4, 10 P. M.
HINDI: 7 P. M.
5th WEEK AT
New West End

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30 - 6:30 - 10 P. M.
TELEPHONE 31045

REGAL at 4. 6-30 & 10 p.m

Free List Suspended

FIRST TIME AFTER TWO YEARS!
For One Week Only
UDAY SHANKAR
and the centre troupe of Artistes, from
SAT. DEC. 13TH
GRAND OPENING
10 P M.
AT THE
EXCELSIOR
SUN. DEC. 14TH
3 & 6-30 P. M.
Plans open: Book now
PRICES:—
Rs. 10|-, 7|-, 5|12, 4|8, 3|6, 2|4, and Gallery Rs. 1|2.
No Reservations by 'Phone.

COMING NEXT SATURDAY

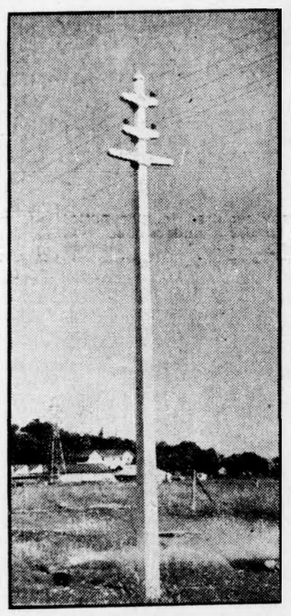
★
A Non-Stop Riot Of LAUGHTER
★
A RANJIT COMEDY
DHANDORA
Directed by: CHARLIE
Cast:
CHARLIE, DIXIT SHAMIM, HUSNABANU
OPERA HOUSE

THE HEROIC TALE OF A FRAIL GIRL OF FAITH!
PRABHAT'S
'SANT SAKHU'
11TH WEEK AT
CENTRAL
Marathi: Daily, 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.

SOHRAB MODI HAS DARED..
MINERVA PRODUCTION
"Sikandar" is an [illegible] picture and the first attempt in India for its magnitued... Sohrab Modi has dared and shown that India can also produce pictures on this scale."
THE CARAVAN, New Delhi.
MINERVA'S MOVIE MARVEL
SIKANDAR
Director:— SOHRAB MODI
14th Attractive Week 14th
MINERVA
To-day Shows Nos. 291, 292, and 293
Daily 3 shows 4, 7 and 10 p. m
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE)

Young Girls Are Warned
Not to Fall in Love with Man Having Step-Mothers!
WHY? 'ROYAL'-JEWEL No. 16
'SWAMI'
Enlightens on the point in question!
8th Week 8th
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
स्वामी
ROYAL RELEASE NO.16

SPUN R. C. C. POLES
THEY ACHIEVE DOUBLE OBJECT.
These poles beautify the place and ensure Economy and Durability. No recurring expense on maintenance.
★
Factories all over India.
THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.
H. O. Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.



FLY to Delhi Rs. 75 Two services a week each way.
to Trivandrum Rs. 100 One service a week each way. via Goa and Cannanore.
TATA AIR LINES
TATA SONS LIMITED
Booking Office: Opp. Churchgate Station, Telephone 24598 or Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd.—or any Travel Agent.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magsar Vad 4, 1998
Muslim: Jilkad 18 1360
Parsi: Tir 5, 1311
Sunrise: 7h. 0m.
Sunset: 6h. 2m.
Hightide: 2.29; 14.18.
Lowtide: 8.36; 20.0
Municipal Corporation 3 p.m. (B.T.)
Municipal Standing Committee 2 p.m. (B.T.)

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE.—Dastur Framroze A. Bode will deliver a lecture on "Man's Power of Choice" at the Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Building, opp. Church Gate Station, to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.)

DR. H. K. SEN'S LECTURES.
Dr. H. K. Sen, Director, Indian Lac Research Institute, Ranchi, will deliver under the auspices of the University of Bombay, a series of three lectures on "Recent progress in the chemistry and technology of plastics" in Lecture Room No. 32 of the Royal Institute of Science, Fort Bombay, on the 8th, 9th and 10th instant, commencing at 5-45 p.m. each day. Prof K Venkataraman will preside.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS.
Air Marshall Sir Patrick Playfair and Flight Lieutenant J. H. Iremonger arrived at Government House on Sunday.

APPEAL TO SINDHIS:—Bombay Sindhi Association, Court House, Carnac Road, Bombay 2, request all Sindhis to send in their names and addresses for registration for the purpose of census of Sindhis in Bombay.

FORT STUDENTS' UNION
Mr. P. M. Joshi, Secretary of the Fort Students' Union writes:—
A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Fort Students' Union will be held to-day (Monday) at 5 p.m. at the office of the Union to fix the dates for the annual general meeting of the Union and for the election of the new Executive Committee. The annual accounts and the report of the activities of the union will be submitted to the meeting.

STUDENTS' ANTI-PENTANGULAR COMMITTEE
Under the auspices of the Students' Anti-Pentangular Committee a public meeting will be held to protest against the Pentangular at the Blavatsky Lodge (French Bridge) to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m. Mr. Dhirubhai Desai will preside. Messrs. A. F. S. Talyarkhan, Yusuf Meherally, M. L. Shah and Miss Dina Gandhi will address.

A. I. VEERASHAIVA MAHASABHA R C.
Mr. V. M. Minijgi writes:—
A meeting of the All-India Veerashaiva Mahasabha Reception Committee was held on Sunday at Basav Sadan, Girgaon, under the presidentship of Mr. V. Minijgi. The chairman Mr. Dhekne, declined to attend the meeting which was attended by 107 members out of the total memberships of 188. Mr. M V. Minijgi was requested unanimously to take the chair.
Following office-bearers were elected:—Chairman: Mr. Basappa Bhumraddi. Vice-Chairman: Dr Vadgaokar, General Secretary: Mr. M. V. Minijgi, Joint Secretaries: Messrs V. B. Kulkarni, R. L. Jigjinni and H. D. Deodharkar, Treasurer: Mr. M. C. Handigund.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Bitter Sweet" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Moon Over Miami" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Whistling In The Dark" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"You Will Remember" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Parachute Battalion" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Nai Roshni" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Anjan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Sangam" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Birth Of A Baby" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Chitra-Lekha" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Himmat" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"In The Navy" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Circus Queen" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Ummeed" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

Stable Workers On Strike

(From A Correspondent.)
All the employees of Seth Hasham Bangdiwalla, who has got his buffaloes in Mamuji Ka Davan, Ripon Road, struck work on Saturday at 10-30 a.m. The cause of the strike is alleged to be non-payment of wages for periods ranging from one to four months, ill-treatment and harassment at the hands of the Mehtas non-payment of dearness allowance sanctioned by the Bombay Milch Cattle-owners' Association in February last, deduction from wages for alleged losses of milk, pots, etc.
The gate of the stable is being picketted.

Variety Entertainment In Aid Of Detenus

A variety entertainment with popular film stars and other well-known artists will be held in Aid of the Detenu Relief Fund, on Saturday, 13th instant at Sunderabai Hall, Queens Road. An organisation committee has been formed to carry on the work of this programme. Tickets can be had from these organisers, and Miss Wagle Servants of India Society, Bombay 4. An appeal to the public has already been made by Mr. N. M. Joshi, to give their full support to the Detenu Aid Fund.

THE BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION.
A public meeting will be held at Sika Nagar to protest against Pentangular Tournament to-day (Monday) at 8 p.m. Mr. M. L. Shah will preside. Sjt. Asok Mehta, P. M. Joshi, Miss Dana Gandhi will address.
A public meeting will be held at Fort Students' Union's office to protest against Pentangular Tournament to-day (Monday) 8-45 p.m. Mr. H. Gilani will preside. Mr. Abdur Satar Parekh P. M. Joshi, C. C. Dalal will address.

TEXTILE WORKERS DEMAND 25 P. C. WAGE INCREASE

Bonus Declared By Millowners Held Utterly Insufficient

The Secretary, Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), Bombay, writes:—
At a meeting of the textile workers numbering nearly 10,000, held under the auspices of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag), Bombay, it was unanimously resolved that the bonus declared by the Millowners' Association is utterly insufficient; further, the demand for 25 per cent. increment in the basic rates of wages was reiterated.
Messrs. N. M. Joshi, M. L. A., Bhide and Mokal addressed the gathering.
By another resolution, the demand for the release of all political prisoners was made.

SEND-OFF DINNER TO S. K. PATIL

All Released Satyagrahis Invited

Issued from the Congress House:
Shri Bhawanji Arjun Khimji's dinner party to released prisoners of the Province of Bombay, including those of City of Bombay, Gujarat, Maharashtra and Karnatak, in honour of Sjt. S. K. Patil, who is offering Satyagraha tomorrow (Tuesday) will take place at the Peoples' Jinnah Hall (Congress House), to-day (Monday) at 7-30 p.m. (S. T.). Invitations have been sent to those whose addresses were easily available but these invitations do not and can not exhaust the list. The released prisoners, therefore, are requested to attend this dinner party whether they receive the invitation or not.

TO-DAY'S SATYAGRAHA IN DALAL STREET.
It is understood that the two Satyagrahis, Shri Shivaji D. Dongre and Shri Shantilal R. Joshi, who are offering Satyagraha for the last two days will continue reciting anti-war slogans to-day (Monday), at 2-30 p.m. in Dalal Street, Humman Street and Apollo Street in Fort area.
Those members of the public who happen to hear the anti-war slogans are once again requested to maintain a peaceful and orderly behaviour and not to indulge in any shouting or demonstrations.

On The Air

MONDAY, December 8.

Delhi I—Programme

439.6 metres (886 kc/s)
4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops in the Far-East. 5 Sukhdev Parshad. 5-20 Kafi on Jaltarang. 5-30 Ramanand Sharma. 5-45 Rasoolan bai. 6-15 G. S. Morghode. 6-30 Warning Voices. 6: Talk in Hindustani. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened, or Emani on Sarod. 7-50 Mand. 8 Sukhdev Parshad. 8-15 Thinking to Purpose. 4: Talk in English. 8-30 Ramanand Sharma. 8-45 Rasoolan Bai. 9-45 Mohammad Ismail. 9-55 Listening Post: Talk relayed from B B C. 10 Rabab recital. 10-10 G. S. Morghode. 10-30 Rasoolan Bai.

Bombay 1—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
8 a.m. Dum Dum Orchestra. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 G. M. Nagpuri. 9-25 Master Shanta Ram. 9-35 V. Y. Chowdhari: Mandolin. 9-45 Durga Bai Shirodkar. 12-30 p.m. Songs of Devotion. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental music. 1-10 Garbas and geets. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School Broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Master Shantaram. 5-25 G. M. Nagpuri. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Druga Bai Shirodkar. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 V. Y. Chowdhari: Mandolin. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani: Children's programme in Marathi. 7 Minerals of Gujarat: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Highbrow Hits. 7-25 Master Shanta Ram. 7-45 G. M. Nagpuri. 7-45 News commentary in Marathi. 7-50 V. Y. Chowdhari: Mandolin. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Usna Bap: Marathi comic sketch. 10-15 G. M. Nagpuri. 10-30 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Variety. 8-15 Hamid Husain. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 G. G. Kharadkar: Violin. 9 Mira Bai Bhajan. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
4-15 to 5-40 As in Bombay 1. 5-40 Kannada Song. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Durga Bai Shirodkar. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval
89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)
7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Niwruttibuwa Sarnaik. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 A I R Orchestra. 9-10 Durga Bai Shirodkar. 9-20 Master Shanta Ram. 9-30 Alec Siqueira: Piano. 9-45 A I R Trio. 10 Ruth Saolman and Her Trio. 10-30 A I R Trio.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS (INDIA):—A general meeting will be held to-day (Monday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Institution Room at Ilac House, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, when Mr. K. C. Bakhle will give an informal talk on "Some Experiences in work of restoration of railway tracks after accidents and washaways." The talk will be proceeded by tea and light refreshment the functions commence at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.).

FOR HAJ PILGRIMS:
In view of the fact that the next Haj sailing for which intending pilgrims should reach Bombay latest by the 10th December 1941 being the last sailing from Bombay Port, will offer limited accommodation, intending pilgrims are advised to apply for reserving their passage to the Executive Officer, Port Haj Committee, at their earliest convenience and await a reply that accommodation is available before starting.

Bombay Civic Guards

The annual report of the Bombay Civic Guards (Northern Division) is a statement of "Yeoman's service" rendered by the guards. The roll shows some 150 men. The guards act as an auxiliary police force.

Indian Naval Officers' Association

The Indian Merchant Navy Officers' Association was formed in Bombay in December, 1939, with a view to protect and advance the interests of maritime officers.
The Association has representative on every ship who carries on propaganda for the Association and keeps the Association informed of the needs and grievances of the members on board the ship.
The Association has succeeded in tackling various problems like Indianisation, war-risk allowance and insurance.

Mr And Mrs. Fyzee's "At Home"

Mr. Asaf A. A. and Mrs. Fyzee were "At Home" at the Government Law College on Friday evening. There was a large gathering present, including the Chief Justice and High Court Judges. Refreshments were served on the terrace of the building commanding a beautiful view of the Back Bay.

HARDSHIPS OF KANARA TRAVELLERS

The Bombay-Kanara Steamer Passenger Grievances Committee state in their report that repeated representations made by them both to the Provincial and the Central Governments have all been in vain and that the hardships of the travelling public of Kanara continue unabated.

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Seats at the Table will be booked in the order of application for Tickets.

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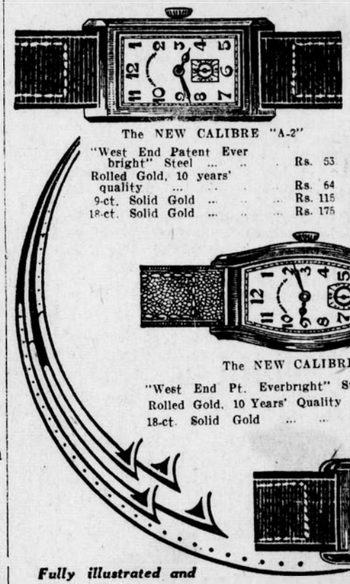
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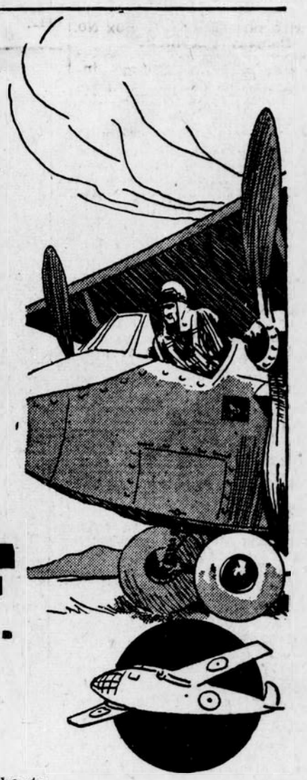

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The Bombay Chronicle

JAPAN'S NEW WAR

Japan has taken the offensive and the Americo-Japanese War has begun. Soon Britain and the Dutch E. Indies will join and we shall be in the midst of a world war such as history has not yet known. With a characteristically unorthodox gesture, President Roosevelt made the final attempt to avert a crisis in the Pacific. He sent a personal message to the Emperor of Japan at a moment when new heavy concentrations of Japanese troops in Indo-China are reported. The nature of this message has not been revealed but it can only refer to the present U. S.-Japanese tension. It recalls to one's mind the personal messages sent by the President to the Nazi and Fascist dictators before the outbreak of the World War II. Like those messages, his message to the Mikado proved a dramatic but futile gesture. The Emperor of Japan holds a position unlike that of the ruler of any other country. On the one hand, he is almost worshipped as a deity by his people, on the other, he is allowed to exercise practically no power in the administration of the country or in the direction of foreign policy. It is generally believed that the present Emperor himself is no jingo and would like his country to pursue a policy of peace. But he cannot, even if he wishes, change the course of Japan's expansionist policy which has been dictated by the military-capitalist clique that rules Japan. The message to the Mikado, therefore, can only be interpreted as the last resort to avert an open break with Japan. Instead of raising hopes of peace, it only portends war. The latest news about the Japanese attacks on Pearl harbour Hawaii, on the island of Oahu and on Manila shows the real course of Japan's policy. The United States War Department has ordered general mobilisation and Japanese U. S. A. hostilities have commenced. Hitler has succeeded in his object of inducing Japan to extend the European War to the Far East. But the consequent entry of the United States in the world war bodes no good for Hitler.

Cultural Synthesis

It is a welcome sign that cultural synthesis in India, particularly of Hindu and Muslim cultures, has been a favourite theme for University Convocation addresses for some time past. Not the least impressive of such adgresses is that delivered by Nawab Mehri Yar Jung Bahadur, member for Education of the Nizam's Executive Council and Vice-Chancellor of the Osmania University, at the Andhra University on Saturday. He pointed out many happy illustrations of the blending, in varying measures, of the beliefs and practices of Hindus and Muslims during the last many centuries. Both the communities, he showed, contributed freely to the indigenous advance in sciences and arts. Hindustani music, he pointed out as an illustration of perfect blending, so much so that though "music in India is entirely a Hindu art which the Muslims acquired, strangely enough, some of the best musicians are Muslims." It may also be noted that lovers of Hindustani music make no difference between Hindus and Muslims in organising music performances. Even in matters religious and social the Nawab Saheb showed how the two communities have adopted a number of common festivals and ceremonies; he referred to several tendencies "to bring about a compromise between the Hindu and Muslim beliefs, and cited the instance of Kabir to illustrate this tendency. Instances of cultural, social synthesis in various forms can be easily multiplied and they need to brought home to students in schools and colleges, particularly in view of separatist tendencies of certain communalist politicians. In this connection may we draw the attention of an Urdu-knowing readers to the monthly magazine "Naee Zindagi" (New Life) recently started under the guidance of Dr. Syed Mahmud? This magazine, which has been in existence for six months, has been publishing articles from well-known Hindu and Muslim writers emphasising the Hindu-Muslim cultural synthesis which is the theme of Nawab Mehdi Yar Jing's address.

The Nawab Saheb naturally laid most stress on the language used by Hindus and Muslims alike. Referring to its early development he said: "The Muslims in addition to their Persian and Arabic adopted a North-Indian language which they called "Hindi" and which in Persian means the language of Hind or India. It has been linguistically classed by Grierson and others as "Western Hindi" With this language many Arabic and Persian words became intermixed. These were chiefly nouns or substantives, the verbs and other parts of speech remaining Hindi as well as the syntax. In course of time, this mixed dialect developed into a regular language and came to be known as Urdu When Arabic and Persian words were introduced into Hind, the product was a great deal more than a "mixed dialect". It was a regular language with an enriched vocabulary. The important point to note is that Urdu and, to a considerable extent Hindi are the products of the joint labour of Hindus and Muslims. "Many of the best writers of Urdu, both in prose and poetry", as the Nawab Saheb says, "have been and are Hindus, whilst some of the earlier writers of Hindi, like Abdur Rahim and Kabir, were Muslims". Urdu, in fact, the Nawab points out, "is the result of intimate Hindu-Muslim relations. It remains an Aryan language. It would be wrong to call it a Perso-Arabic language just as it would be wrong to call English a Greek or Latin Language on account of the large number of Greek and Latin words found in it." Hindi and Urdu are closely allied languages symbolising the cultural synthesis of Hindus and Muslims in one important respect. And to avoid confusion the terms Hindi and Urdu should now be understood and scrupulously used to mean respectively the language mainly of Northern India with a large admixture of Sanskrit, and the same language with a large admixture of Persian and Arabic words; while Hindustani in a simple form of either language. The Nawab Saheb stated that "the simpler and less pedantic form" of Urdu is sometimes called Hindustani. Hindustani is also a simpler and less pedantic form of Hindi. Referring to the attempts of the Congress to popularise Hindustani the Nawab Saheb said: "The Congress Governments aiming at evolving a common nationality through a commonly understood speech, tried to plant it under the name of "Hindi" in areas as remote form its home as Madras". The records of the Congress and Congress Governments show that the latter sought to plant througnout India Hindustani and scrupulously used that term and not Hindi, though it must be admitted that many prominent Congressmen identified and still continue to identy Hindi with Hindustani as the national language of India.

Justifying the use of Urdu as the medium of instruction in the Osmania University,—it is a medium even in high schools in Hyderabad —the Nawab Saheb said: "The Osmania University has taken bold step of adopting Urdu as its medium of instruction not only because it is the official and generally liked language of the State, but also because owing to its vast mixed vocabulary it is understood throughout the greater part of India. Its adoption is one more step towards the evolution of a common 'lingua franca'. The local or regional languages could not have been used for this purpose because there are three such languages in the Hyderabad State, which would have meant the creation of three or four Universities—a task which was obviously impossible." These are not convincing pleas for the use of Urdu as medium for non-Urdu speaking students. As for its mixed vocabulary, Hindi contains a larger percentage of words intelligible to the vast majority of Marathi, Kannada and Telugu-speaking students of the State. But for that reason Hindi cannot be a good medium of instruction for them. It is not necessary to have differentt Universities in the State for the different languages. It is possible to have one University with different colleges or divisions adopting the different media. The question must be judged mainly from the educational point of view. From this view-point the Nawab Saheb said: "The principle of imparting University education in an Indian language is likely to become popular as it gives a clearer grasp of the subject to the student who has not to struggle with the difficulties of a foreign tongue in the process of learning other subjects. I would not, therefore, be surprised if the Andhra University were found one day to have adopted Telugu as its medium of instruction". It is not enough that the medium is an Indian language. The Urdu-speaking people of the State will rightly object to Marathi as a medium. The sound educational principle which is followed all over the world and which is being recognised and followed even in India is that the mother tongue must be the medium. The Osmania University will do a service educationally and bare justice otherwise by adopting the mother tongue as the medium. True cultural synthesis is better brought about by the willing adoption by many of a principle than by its imposition upon unwilling persons.

HINDU-MUSLIM CULTURAL SYNTHESIS

Indian Art, Music, Sciences, Literature, Architecture Are Result Of Common Contribution Of Both, Says Nawab Yar Jung

WALTAIR, December 6.

"This is no time for party strife or internal dissension. Let us unite and face the common danger. We must prepare and organise ourselves for defence and all other considerations must be subordinated to this stern necessity," observed Nawab Mahdi Yar Jung Bahadur, member for Education, the Nizam's Executive Council and Vice-Chancellor of the Osmania University, in the course of his address at the Annual Convocation of the Andhra University to-day.

The speaker pointed out at the outset that Hyderabad had "indissoluble cultural and economic links with the Andhra people who have contributed not a little to the common culture and civilisation." Continuing he said:—

The commingling of the Hindu and Muslim civilizations into a harmonious whole is one of the most interesting phenomena of history.

The Muslims brought about a different standard of living and introduced refinements in such matters as food and dress. They instituted a revenue and a judicial system and laid down a court ceremonial which is followed by Indian Durbars to this day Muslim rule moreover strongly influenced the social life and religious thought of the time. Its tendency was to bring about a compromise between the Hindu and the Muslim beliefs.

Thus Hindu religious leaders arose both in the North and the South who formed sects that were more or less monotheistic, and many Hindus venerated Muslim saints in common with the Muslims. Ramanand and Kabir in the North and Basav, the founder of the Lingayat sect, in the South, are examples of such religious reformers.

Muslims Adopt Hindu Customs

The Muslims on their part adopted many of the habits and customs of the Hindus, such as marriage ceremonies, festivals, fairs and even certain popular superstitions.

The regular written history of the country was due to the Muslims. The history of the Deccan in particular owes much to the Muslim historians from the 9th century A.D onwards. In this connection may be mentioned "Farishta", to whom we owe much of our knowledge of medieval Indian history. The Arabs were also great geographers and travellers.

In other sciences, however, such as mathematics and astronomy, the Hindus possessed highly developed systems of their own, and the Muslims owe a good deal to them in regard to these sciences. But the Arabs also had their own systems of science and the two peoples exchanged much knowledge, each side borrowing what it lacked from the other.

Thus, the Hindus borrowed from the Muslims many astronomical technical terms and the calculation of latitudes and longitudes while the Muslims caused to be translated into Persian from the Sanskrit many recondite works on the different branches of mathematics.

As regards handicrafts, the Muslims introduced the manufacture of paper, the art of enamelling and the process of damascening steel as well as the manufacture of certain kinds of woollen cloth.

Medical Systems

The two systems of medicine, the Ayurvedic and the Yunani, run parallel to this day and are availed of by the people of both races.

Music in India is entirely a Hindu art which the Muslims acquired although, strangely enough, some of the best musicians were Muslims. Among the fine arts, sculpture was forbidden to the Muslims by their religion.

Painting was also neglected by them for similar reasons although a Moghul school of painting and portraiture did spring up which betrayed Persian as well as Hindu influence. The pictures of this school were flat in perspective but exquisite in the matter of detail. But it produced nothing so great as the Ajanta paintings which were probably the handiwork of Andhra artists.

The artistic sense of the Muslims found expression rather in their architecture. They built beautiful buildings, some of which are still extant in Hyderabad, Aurangabad, Bidar and other places, whilst many others are in ruins. The style of this architecture in the Deccan is somewhat different from that in the North and again shows Persian as well as Hindu influence; but nowhere is it purely Saracenic.

On the Andhra side, as Longhurst points out in his book on the Hampi ruins, most of the civil buildings at Hampi—Vijayanagara—show the influence of the Islamic style. Thus, what may be called "Indian architecture", is one more example of the remarkable blending of the aesthetic tastes and the culture of the two peoples.

Common Language

But most remarkable of all was the growth of a commonly understood language. The Muslims in addition to their Persian and Arabic adopted a North-Indian language which they called 'Hindi" and which in Persian means the language of Hind or India. It has been linguistically classed by Grierson and others as "Western Hindi". With this language many Arabic and Persian words became intermixed.

These were chiefly nouns or substantives, the verbs and other parts of speech remaining Hindi as well as the syntax. In course of time, this mixed dialect developed into a regular language and came to be known as Urdu. This new tongue showed remarkable virility and a capacity for absorbing words from all languages, including European languages, such as English, French and Portuguese. The simpler and less pedantic form of it (sometimes called "Hindustani") has come to be the "lingua franca" of practically the whole of India more especially for those who do not understand English. It is understood from Kashmir to Mysore and from Bombay to Bengal.

The Congress Governments aiming at evolving a common nationality through a commonly understood speech, tried to plant it under the name of "Hindi" in areas as remote from its home as Madras. Outside the borders of India, it is understood wherever Indians are to be found. Many of the best writers of Urdu, both in prose and poetry, have been and are Hindus, whilst some of the earlier writers of Hindi, like Abdur Rahim and Kabir, were Muslims.

At Osmania 'Varsity

It will thus be seen that Urdu, so far from being a foreign tongue is a popular language of India. It is the result of intimate Hindu-Muslim relations and is now being affected by intercourse with Europeans. Nevertheless, it remains an Aryan tongue and it would be wrong to call it a Perso-Arabic language just as it would be wrong to call English a Greco-Latin language on account of the large number of Greek and Latin words found in it.

The Osmania University has taken the bold step of adopting Urdu as its medium of instruction not only because it is the official and generally liked language of the State, but also because owing to its vast mixed vocabulary it is understood throughout the greater part of India. Its adoption is one more step towards the evolution of a common 'lingua franca'.

The local or regional languages could not have been used for this purpose because there are three such languages in the Hyderabad State, which would have meant the creation of three or four Universities—a task which was obviously impossible.

Moreover, none of them are suitable for a 'lingua franca' Nevertheless, the regional languages, including Telugu, are taught up to the highest University standards and through their own medium, as I have already stated, so that the M. A. examination of the Osmania University may be passed in any one of them. There are few Universities in India which impart education up to such a high standard in these or other Indian languages.

As regards the supply of standard books on the subjects taught in the University courses, the Bureau of Translation and Compilation attached to the Osmania University has done great service to the Urdu language by adding materially to its stock of learned literature.

It has translated many books and has also compiled some books on subjects as varied as Mathematics, Science, Biology, Medicine, Law, History, Philosophy and Economics. Indeed the University would not have been able to go on with its work had not these books been available. The work of the Bureau is making further progress, and a rich glossary of technical terms has also been compiled under its auspices for publication.

This experiment—if experiment it can be called—has been successful as the students have shown a better grasp of their subjects than is possessed by those who use a foreign medium of instruction, and they have consequently developed greater originality.

This is amply shown by the series of brilliant successes attained by Osmania students at other Universities in India and abroad, and by the sound scholarly work done by not a few of them after their University career.

The principle of imparting University education in an Indian language is likely to become popular as it gives a clearer grasp of the subject to the student who has not to struggle with the difficulties of a foreign tongue in the process of learning other subjects. I would not therefore be surprised if the Andhra University were found one day to have adopted Telugu as its medium of instruction.

This does not mean the neglect of English; for I am one of those who believe that English would be better acquired if it were pursued as a separate subject by itself, its literature deeply studied and its grammar thoroughly mastered. I believe that such a specialised study would improve the knowledge of English and save those mistakes in English being made which are only too common in India to-day. The foundations of such a thorough study of English should be laid in the schools which feed the University although it need not necessarily form the medium of instruction.

Frankly Speaking

De Gaulle Denounces Petain

General De Gaulle has lost no time in denouncing the treachery of the Vichy leaders. In a broadcast to the French people, he unequivocally condemned the Petain-Goering agreement which, he forecast, would throw open the whole of North Africa to the Nazis. Hitler, he said, needs reinforcements and is hard pressed for time if he has to save the Axis position in the Near East. To confirm this view comes a report from Istanbul to the effect that an agreement has been reached between the Germans, the Italians and Vichy concerning the use of Tunis territory for operations against the British in the Mediterranean. It is reported that Italian reinforcements for the Libyan front have already been despatched through Tunis. The removal of General Weygand, the appointment of a new French Commander in Africa, the despatch of German officers and instructors in the guise of officials of the newly opened German consulates, all indicate, the Ankara report says, that preparations are being completed in Tunis for military operations against British forces. And if Petain has undertaken to help Hitler openly in this campaign he cannot expect to continue to be treated so leniently by Britain—or, for that matter, by U.S.A The only thing that can be said to mitigate his crimes, is that he no longer represents the French people. As General De Gaulle concluded, "it is better for the honour and the future of France that events which have brought her to her present pass should no longer be ascribable to anything but treachery which was their cause".

Finland, Rumania, Hungary

The British ultimatum to and subsequent declaration of war upon Finland, Hungary and Rumania was the logical result of these countries' close identification with the Nazi war machine. In identical diplomatic Notes, these countries were asked to cease hostilities and refrain from conducting further military operations. All of them having rejected the British demands—no doubt, at the instance of their Nazi overlords—a state of war was inevitable. The case of Finland was, on surface, somewhat different because it was claimed that the Finns were only fighting a defensive war for recovery of Finnish territory. But it became increasingly clear that the Finnish Government were in fact waging war upon Russia for purposes of territorial aggrandisement, in complete collaboration with—or, rather, subordination to —the Nazi war lords. In these circumstances, the Finns have only the Mannerheim military clique that rules them to thank if they find themselves at war with their erstwhile friend, Britain.

Outrage Of Constitution

A meeting of the Congress legislators of U.P. has adopted a resolution declaring that "indefinite suspension of the legislature and its substitution by authoritarian rule without check or hindrance and in direct defiance of the popular will as represented by the elected members of the Legislature is an outrage on the liberties of the people and on well established constitutional usage and practice." The position is actually worse than it was under the Montford reforms. Government put the blame upon the Congress Ministries which have resigned and even go so far as to say that the Ministries' action is not acceptable to the people. Nowhere have the people shown through conferences or otherwise that they disapprove of the resignation. If Government are sure of their view, why do they not dissolve the legislatures and hold general elections? In any case the Congress legislators should at once get into close touch with their constituencies and be prepared and also prepare them for any contingency

Students And Constructive Work

Inaugurating the fifth U.P. Students' Conference on Saturday at Cawnpore Miss Indira Nehru urged students to go to the villages and establish contact with the peasantry. The contact will, of course, be lasting through service of the peasantry. Dr. Hussain Zakir, President of the Conference, ppinted out that students could at least spread literacy among the people. By such constructive work students will help themselves as well as the people. They will learn many things about Indian politics and sociology which are not to be found in books. They will also get a sound training for their future leadership. It is much to be hoped that our leaders will chalk out sound plans of constructive work for students as well as for the public in general. It follows that a sufficient number of leaders devote themselves solely to such work.

PRAYER

"He prayeth best, who loveth best
All thing, both great and small."

COLERIDGE,,

The Ancient Mariner.

Standard Cloth For Poor

Textile Panel Wants No Govt. Agency To Handle Problem

NEW DELHI Dec. 6.

The enlarged Panel of the Textile Industry met this afternoon to discuss proposals regarding production of standard cloth and yarn. The Finance Supply and Commerce Members, Sir Alan Lloyd, Secretary, Commerce Department, Mr. T. S. Pillay, Deputy Secretary, Commerce Department, and other officers of the Supply Department were present.

WANT NO GOVERNMENT HAND IN IT.

The representatives of the industry made it clear that they were anxious unanimously and enthusiastically to work out a scheme for the production of standard cloth at reasonable prices to the poor people and they felt that they could handle this problem much more effectively themselves than any Governmental agency. It was made clear that it was not owing to any compulsion on the part of the Government but on account of their own interest in serving the poor with types of cloths at reasonable prices that they put forward the scheme which is outlined below for the production of standard cloth. Only to the extent of enabling them to achieve their main purpose Government will help them in the form of regulations so desired by them.

The Committee of the Panel having discussed the proposals regarding the production of standard cloth put forward the following scheme:—That standard cloth should be produced by every mill up to a percentage prescribed by the Government; that the sale of these types of standard cloth should be through shops managed and run by the mills themselves. Each mill would be required to open a certain number of shops, the number being calculated on the basis of one shop for 400 looms of the mill or part thereof; the mills should be located both in British India and in the Indian states and the place of location of the shops will be decided by Government in consultation with the Textile Panel; Government would take powers through appropriate legislation to make it compulsory for each mill to produce the requisite percentage of standard cloth, to open the number of shops prescribed on the basis of the loomage and to sell the standard cloth at prescribed prices. The prices of each type of standard cloth will be calculated by the Panel and the technical advisers of the Government and the price fixed by the Government thereafter; the shops will be opened in centres containing a minimum of population prescribed by Government but will cater for the poor in a zone round about the place chosen.

TO GET SANCTIONS.

It was made clear, however, that the scheme had not been considered by the members of the various associations represented by the Panel and that, therefore, it would be necessary for the representatives of the Panel to have the scheme circulated to all their members and to obtain their reactions to these proposals. The members of the Panel undertook to do this and to meet Government representatives with further detailed proposals about the middle of next month. They were anxious to get into production as early as possible in view of the state of the cloth market and to have the cloth put on the market at the earliest opportunity.

The question of production of yarn and the prices at which it may be sold was generally discussed. It was decided that these questions may be further discussed at a meeting in Bombay.—A. P.

RELEASES FROM JUBBULPORE JAIL

Gole's Faith In Gandhiji's Leadership

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 6.

All but Mr. Omprakash Mehta (Communist) were released this afternoon from Jubbulpore central Jail before the expiry of terms.

Among the released political prisoners are Mr. P. B. Gole ex-Minister and 13 other Congress volunteers. Mr. Gole was received at the jail gate by Pundit D. P. Mishra and others.

Interviewed Mr. Gole expressed unflinching faith in Gandhiji's leadership and also the efficacy of the Satyagraha movement and observed that being a humble Congress volunteer he was ever willing to obey Gandhiji's instructions.

Mr. Gole is staying with Seth Govinddas and will shortly leave to Akola, his native town.

It is gathered that efforts are afoot to convene shortly a meeting of Mahakoshal Provincial Congress to consider the political situation.—A. P.

Satyagraha In Assam

GAUHATI, Dec. 6.

Haladhar Chakravarty and Hareswara Sarma, who performed Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans and distributed anti-war leaflets on the public road, have not been arrested.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

Arrested under the Defence of India Rules, Srimati Shanti Devi Vaidya and Mr. R. C. Varma, members of the Lucknow District Congress Committee, were tried and convicted in the Lucknow Jail yesterday.

Srimati Shanti Devi was charged with making an objectionable speech at Lucknow during Jawahar Day celebrations and was awarded nine months' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100.

Mr. Verma was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment and fined Rs. 50 for reading over at the same public meeting Pandit Nehru's statement before the trying Magistrate.—A. P.

* * *

The Zero Hour has been reached several times in the Pacific situation. But every time Japan puts the clock back.

* * *

Any political parties—Progressive, Communalist, Nationalist or Socialist—who are in need of a leader are advised to communicate with Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq.

* * *

What led to Resignation of Bengal Cabinet?

—Headline.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, of course.

* * *

By the way, the umpteenth time Mr. Jinnah has threatened Mr. Fazlul Huq with disciplinary action.

This time there is a real danger of the Muslim League actually carrying out his threat!

* * *

The Brussels University is reported to have gone on a 'sit-down strike."

Must have borrowed the idea from our Indian universities!

* * *

Pickpockets are said to be busy at the Race Course.

Optimists—or fools? What do they expect to find in the punters' pockets except tickets for "Best Eets" that proved the worst?

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(1) The Pentangular tournament will be played this year at Chowpatty instead of the Brabourne Stadium.

(2) Litvinoff has gone to U.S.A. to convert Colonel Lindbergh to Communism.

(3) Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has started an Akhand Bharat front to counter-act Mr. Munshi's Akhand Hindustan.

* * *

A newly-wed Scots lassie was entertaining friends for the first time, and was annoyed to see her husband tucking stolidly into his own tea and ignoring the guest. At length she could bear it no longer.

"Stupid fellow," she cried wrathfully "can't you keep your eyes on folk? They're helping themselves to everything."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Lots of heavyweights are looking for light work.

* * *

Some writers have a fine flow of other writers' thoughts.

* * *

Many a charitable woman allows her husband to have his own way.

* * *

A wise man treats his friends as if he expected them to be enemies some day.

* * *

He who tells what he would do if he were in your place seldom knows what to do in his own place.

* * *

The brain of an elephant is larger than that of a man, but his trunk is smaller than that of a woman.

JAWAHAR ADDRESSES U.P.C.C. EXECUTIVE

LUCKNOW, Dec. 7.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru reviewed the present National and International situation at a meeting of the members of the Executive of the Provincial Congress Committee to-day.

It is understood that he invited the opinion of those present on the political situation in the country with a view to gauging the feeling of Congressmen in the Province before he presented to Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress Working Committee. The discussion will be continued tomorrow.

Pandit Nehru will address tomorrow a meeting of Congress workers of the Province, not included in the Executive or the party meeting.—A.P.

DOES GOVT. REPENT ITS ACTION?

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

Information has been received that Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai former Minister, was released from Gorakphur jail this evening He left for Lucknow by the evening train.

In an interview Mr. Kidwai said "I do not know why I was arrested or detained. It seems the Government repents its action and realises its mistake.

"I have not changed my views If anything the happenings of the last 12 months have made me more bitter. Our self-respect demands that we should get rid of our alien masters."—A. P.

In Bengal

Governor Accepts Cabinet's Resignation

Chiefs Of Party Groups To Meet At Govt. House

Dacca Nawab Quits Leaguers: Charge Against Nazimuddin

CALCUTTA, December 7.

The "Associated Press" understands that the resignations submitted by all the ten members of the Huq Cabinet on December 1 have been accepted by H. E. Sir John Herbert, Governor of Bengal

Party Chiefs Invited

It is believed in well-informed political circles that the leaders of the various groups and parties in the Legislature will be called in at Government House to-morrow for discussion with His Excellency in connection with the formation of a new Ministry.

Govt. Communique

The following communique was issued from Government House to-night:—

"It is announced that H. E. the Governor has this day, been pleased to accept the resignations tendered on December 1, 1941, by the Honourable Ministers of their offices as members of the Council of Ministers.

"His Excellency proposes to consult to-morrow the leaders of various parties and groups in the Assembly."

DACCA NAWAB QUITS LEAGUERS.

The Nawab Bahadur of Dacca, Minister for Local-Self-Government, informs that he has resigned his membership of the newly formed Bengal Legislature Muslim League party, and has addressed a letter to the leader of the party Sir Nazimuddin, intimating his decision to that effect. The Nawab Bahadur proposes to make a statement shortly detailing the reasons for his resignation

DOUBLE-DEALING CHARGE.

The Hon. Nawab Bahadur o Dacca has addressed the followin letter to-day to the Hon. Sir K Nazimuddin, leader of the newly formed Bengal Legislature Muslim League Party, resigning his membership of the party:—

I beg to inform you that I am hereby submitting my resignation from the party. My reasons for doing so will be given in a statement which I am issuing shortly and will also be communicated to the President and members of the All-India League. The President informed us that there can be no coalition between Muslims and Congress. You and your selected friends have been negotiating with the Krishak Proja (party) offering them three Ministership and three Parliamentary Secretaryships, as also with the Congress, against the Muslim League ideals. This statement I shall issue shortly to the public and communicate to the President, and Bengal Muslim public will be my judge".

HUQ DENIES JINNAH'S CHARGE

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq has sent the following reply to the telegram of the League President, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, calling upon the former to explain his conduct in connection with his joining the newly formed Progressive Coalition Party in the Bengal Assembly:—

"Most painfully surprised at your telegram received to-day. It is incorrect that I have joined miscellaneous groups whose only object is the breaking of Muslim League and Muslim solidarity in Bengal. Nor is it correct that what I have done is contrary to all rules of constitution of the Provincial and All-India Muslim League. Nor is it correct that I have defied the Muslim League. The present party alignments are exactly the same as when the Coalition Party was formed in 1937 and modified in 1939, with the sole addition of the Forward Bloc, which is on the analogy of the lines on which the League formed pact and is working with the Forward Bloc in the Calcutta Corporation. Interested persons are invoking the League for personal ends. Request you, as President, judge the situation impartially and postpone action until I have been given full hearing."—A. P.

Huq Justifies His Stand

'Accepted Leadership Of New Party In Interest Of Muslim Solidarity'

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

Mr. A. K. Faziul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, has issued a lenghty statement justifying his acceptance of leadership of the Frogressive Coalition Party and refuting the charges levelled against him in the joint statement issued under the signatures of Sir Nazimuddin, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Mr. Tamizuddin Khan and the Nawab of Dacca.

Mr. Huq gives a brief account of the formation of the Coalition Ministry in 1937, stating that it started with a rift in the lute and the group of Ministers in the Cabinet all along tried to dislodge him from his position. In the interest of Muslim solidarity, he acquiesced in the position which was being reduced to a mere cypher figure-head in the Cabinet.

GENESIS OF CRISIS

Giving the genesis of the present crisis, beginning with his acceptance of membership of the National Defence Council leading to the present situation, Mr. Huq says that the simplest solution of all differences would have been for Mr. Suhrawardy to resign from the Cabinet. If he had done this, Muslim solidarity to which they have made repeated reference in their statement would have been saved.

Even with regard to the affairs of the Muslim League administration, Mr. Huq regrets that these gentlemen played the same game. They nominally put him up as President of the Provincial organisation, but in reality they utilised him as a stalking horse to enable them to gain a foothold in the country.

Mr. Huq felt that too much emphasis was being laid on communalism with the result the country was divided. The effect of this manifested itself in some of the worst communal riots.—United Press.

Huq-Nazimuddin Tussle Postponed

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7.

The public meetings announced to be held to-day at the foot of the Ccterloney Monument and in the Mohammad Ali Park organised by supporters of Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq and of the Sir Nazimuddin Group respectively have been cancelled.—United Press.

Punjab Leaguers' Plea To Huq

LAHORE, Dec. 7.

A resolution expressing keen disappointment at the "most unfortunate situation" which has arisen in Bengal and urging upon Mr. Fazlul Huq to abstain from leading a party which consists of anti-Muslim League groups was adopted at a meeting of the new Council of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League. Nawab Sir Shahnawaz Khan of Mamdot presided. Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab was present.

The meeting appealed to Mr. Fazlul Huq to place himself entirely in the hands of the executive of the All-India Muslim League and Mr. M. A. Jinnah and act in accordance with their advice in the interests of Muslim solidarity. The meeting was emphatically of the opinion that if Mr. Fazlul Huq was not prepared to remain loyal to the Muslim League organisation, the only honourable course for him was to retire from politics.

By another resolution the Council placed on record its warm appreciation of the action taken by Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan in resigning from the Defence Council and heartily congratulated him on his bold stand in the interest of the solidarity of the Muslim community.

The meeting re-elected Nawab Sir Shahnawaz Khan of Mamdot as President of the Provincial League.—A.P.

CITY SATYAGRAHA PLANS

Month's Schedule To Include 50 Congressmen

Dongre And Joshi Reoffering Satyagraha Yesterday Will Repeat It To-day Also

BOMBAY, SUNDAY. THAT THE PLAN OF THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE IS TO CONTINUE THE SATYAGRAHA CAMPAIGN ACCORDING TO SCHEDULE AND TO ENLIST AT LEAST 100 CONGRESSMEN AS SATYAGRAHIS DURING THE NEXT 30 DAYS, WAS ANNOUNCED BY MR. S. K. PATIL, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE B. P. C. C., ADDRESSING A MEETING OF SATYAGRAHIS AT THE JINNAH HALL THIS EVENING.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. R R. Diwakar of Karnatak, Mr. Manilal Seth and Mr. G. G. Mehta who addressed the meeting urged the Satyagrahis to bear in mind that Mahatma Gandhi was their General and that they had to take orders from him regarding the future course of action.

APPEAL TO CITIZENS.

Later in the evening, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Mr. Bhawanji Arjun Khimji and Mr. Yusuf Meherally addressed a mammoth meeting at Chowpatty on the present political situation. They deplored the parliamentary mentality shown by a section of Congressmen who called themselves "realists". This mentality at the present juncture, said the speakers, would be disastrous for the Congress. Unless the All-India Congress Committee and Mahatma Gandhi gave a clear mandate to the country to suspend the present campaign, it was the duty of Congressmen to follow the present plans.

SATYAGRAHA AT CHOWPATTY.

At the termination of the public meeting, Mr. S. D. Dongre and Mr. S. R. Joshi reoffered Satyagraha at Chowpatty. They were not arrested by the police. Later they marched to the Congress House, via the Sandhurst Road and Lamington Road, raising anti-war slogans at strategic intervals. They were followed by a large crowd.

TODAY'S SATYAGRAHA IN FORT

Mr. Dongre and Mr. Joshi, it is understood, will reoffer Satyagraha at 2-30 p.m. tomorrow (Monday) at Hamam Street, Apollo Street and Dalal Street.

The next Satyagrahi from Bombay is Mr. S. K. Patil who proposes to shout anti-war slogans at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday at Chowpatty.

In response to the appeal made by the B.P.C.C., about 50 Congressmen, it is understood, have intimated their preparedness to offer Satyagraha during the next 30 days.

CHOWPATTY MEETING

The public meeting at Chowpatty in the evening was attended by over ten-thousand persons.

Referring to the release of Satyagrahi prisoners, Mr. Nagindas T. Master said that it was a matter for regret that a section in the Congress had interpreted it as a change in the attitude of the Government towards India. There was considerable talk in the country about parliamentary activity. Whatever was the opinion of these Congressmen who talked in terms of council-entry and the like, the path before the Satyagrahis was clear. It was their duty to stick to the programme laid before the country by Mahatma Gandhi, who was the Nation's chosen leader.

BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE

Mr. Bhawanji Arjun Khimji said that there was nothing that could be called a change in the attitude of Government towards India. The frequent statements in the House of Commons bore this fact out. A reconsideration of the Congress policy was, therefore out of place. He hoped that the A.I.C.C., would resolve to follow the lead given by Gandhiji.

Mr. R. R. Diwakar urged the citizens of Bombay to prove that they were the true followers of Gandhiji. The Congress had ample opportunities of knowing the value of parliamentary activity. The voice of Indians on matters of importance had always been a voice in the wilderness.

FOLLOW GANDHIJI'S LEAD

Mr. S. K. Patil appealed to Congressmen to study the Government's communique on the release of Satyagrahi prisoners and to understand the real intentions behind this gesture. In view of the repeated statements on India by Mr. Amery and Mr. Churchill, it was sheer unwisdom to think that there was a change of heart in the Britisher.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally said that the A.I.C.C., represented the 25 lakhs of Congress members who in their turn represented the nation. It was therefore the duty of the masses to declare their loyalty to Gandhiji so that their voice would be heard at the A.I.C.C.

Jail Delivery At Meerut

MEERUT, Dec. 7

Two Congress Satyagrahis, Pandit Nathur Singh and Choudhury Prithwi Singh, Member, Provincial Congress Committee, both of Muzaffarnagar district, have been released from the Meerut Jail on the completion of their terms of imprisonment.

Pandit Dewan Singh Upadhyaya, Lala Bakhtawar Lal and Pandit Moolchand Shastri all of Meerut District who were detained in Agra Jail have been released unconditionally.—A.P.

ALMORA, Dec. 7.

On the first anniversary of the Satyagraha movement in the district yesterday, about fifty persons informed the District authorities of their decision to offer Satyagraha. No arrest has so far been made.—A.P.

THE 'PENTANGULAR'

Parsi & European Teams Selected

The following have been selected to play for the Parsis against the Europeans in the second round of the Pentangular Tournament to be played on December 16, 17 and 18, at the Brabourne Stadium:—

(1) P. E. Palia (Capt.) (2) K. R. Meherhomji (Wicket keeper), (3) M. J. Mobed, (4) D. R. Havewala, (5) J. B. Khote, (6) K. K. Tarapore, (7) E. B. Ibara, (8) M. F. Mistry, (9) J. H. Wadia, (10) R. S Mody, (11) R. S. Cooper.

Reserves:—H. A. Printer, D. B Satha, N. H. Colah.

EUROPEAN TEAM

The European team to play against the Parsis is as follows: (1) J. E. Tew (Captain), (2) S. W. Beherend, (3) N. Mischler, (4) J. R. Thompson, (5) R. F. Moss, (6) P. L. G. Child, (7) A. A. Gifford, (8) H. M. Rice, (9) R. Coleman, (10) W. Bradshaw

The last man is yet to be selected.

FORM ON PAPER

The Parsi Team on the whole is a fairly good combination. The absence of Bhaya and the want of a fast bowler are however, keenly felt. The selection of Meherhomji for wicket-keeping in place of Engineer is well received on the whole. The inclusion of the two new colts, R. S. Cooper and R. S. Mody, is also equally welcome, both having given ample proof of a promising cricket career: M. J. Mobed, Havewala, Khote, and the left-hander Tarapore form a good combination for attack

Tew is now as much known for his daring batting as for his lawn tennis performances in the past. Together with Tew Moss Beheren, and Bradshaw are also familiar to the Bombay cricket public. Michler who is considered to be a good wicket-keeper is also a good opening bat. Child who has played for Hampshire is a good spin bowler, and is expected to be useful in batting also. Lt. Gifford is also a useful bat, and a good left-hand slow bowler.

Canada Follows Britain

OTTAWA, Dec. 7.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King, in an announcement that Canada had declared war on Finland, Rumania and Hungary said that similar declarations were being taken by the Governments of Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.—Reuter

'Jail Delivery Is Challenge To Convene A. I. C. C.'

(Continued from page 1)

Civil Disobedience. Without the backing of constructive programme can never lead us to independence. Shorn of it, Civil Disobedience becomes a method of violence bound to prove ineffective in the end.

IT IS FOR ENTIRE NATION

"Moreover Civil Disobedience, even when it is mass, will only be offered by those who are bodily fit, whereas constructive programme is for all and will never be suspended, if the whole nation took it up in earnest. It is enough to give us complete independence. Prosecution of a constructive programme means constructing the structure of Swaraj. The whole theme of corporate non-violence, as I have conceived it, falls to pieces if there is no living faith in the constructive programme.

"To my mind, Swaraj based on non-violence, is a fulfilment of the constructive programme; hence, whether the authorities jail us or not, we must pursue the constructive programme.

RELEASED SATYAGRAHIS

"I have been asked whether discharged Satyagrahis should hold or attend meetings and deliver speeches. They should do so. I do not want or expect them to re-offer Civil Disobedience immediately. That would be indecent haste, but ordinary Civil Disobedience may go on. For the discharged ones let there be breathing time. Let them address meetings in their constituencies and study things at the meetings. They will expound their view on the general situation and not hesitate to interpret anti-war Congress policy.

"Symbolic Satyagraha has a definite meaning. It is open to the authorities to arrest Congressmen for their speeches even if they do not intend thereby to offer C.D. That was how they had arrested the Maulana Sahib and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, not to mention lesser lights.

"Let it be known that I have no authority to suspend C.D. on extraneous grounds. That is for the Congress to do. For me personally there is no choice.

Anti-War Is Creed

"As a man sworn to peace at this critical moment, to suspend my anti-war activity would be to deny myself.

"Therefore, for those who think like me, whether we are misunderstood or worse befalls, we must express our faith through our action hoping thereby that ultimately our way will be accepted by all warring powers as the only escape from a blood bath which is reducing man to his lowest depth."—A.P.

When Jawahar Will Go To Wardha

LUCKNOW, Dec. 7.

It is understood Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is in correspondence with Mahatma Gandhi. After receiving the reply from Gandhiji Pandit Nehru will proceed to Wardha or Bardoli as Gandhiji suggests to meet him.—United Press.

"SERIOUS TURN"

(Continued from page 1)

made at a distance of more than 300 miles."

WASHINGTON SURPRISE

The President's dramatic action in addressing Emperor Hirohito came as a complete surprise in the capital, where views on the Far Eastern crisis have become steadily gloomier, says Reuter's correspondent.

The last occasion on which President Roosevelt had approached the Emperor was in December 1937, when, after Japanese planes had sunk the American warship "Panay" he insisted that his strong views on the recklessness of Japanese militarists should be brought to the direct attention of the Throne. War between the two countries was a possibility then. Now it is more than a possibility it has entered the field of probabilities.

The contents of to-day's message is naturally a complete secret, but the first impressions among observers here are that it may be the final effort to get behind the militarists whom Washington believes to be planning an imminent attack on Thailand, to the only authority in Japan to which even they must listen. Moreover it puts Japan "on the spot" diplomatically. If the President's action fails to avert "a blow-up" in the Pacific it will have served to show the world, and, particularly, the American people that he has done everything possible to avoid a resort to arms except by compromising those principles laid down in the treaties to which Japan as well as America is a signatory.

WASHINGTON AGOG WITH EXCITEMENT

The Far East crisis has obsessed Washington to-day, all other news being crowded into the background. Some Radio stations are devoting long sessions entirely to the subject. This interest is due largely to Japan's failure to reply to Mr. Cordell Hull's memorandum, and to the receipt of reports that Japanese troops in Indo-China may be thrown against Thailand at any moment. It is possible, according to some observers that plans in Indo-China are so far advanced that only a word from the Emperor would be able to stop an attack.

TOKYO KEEPS MUM

TOKYO:—Official circles decline all comment on the reports that President Roosevelt is sending a special message to the Japanese Emperor. Matters concerning the Emperor are held to be beyond the purview of his subjects.

JAP. CONVOYS MOVING SOUTH

MELBOURNE:—It is semi-officially stated that further confirmation that two Japanese convoys are moving southward towards the Gulf of Siam has been received in Australia. British, American and Dutch precautionary measures are being continued, but hopes of avoiding extension of war to the Pacific are not yet abandoned.

Government spokesmen reiterate Mr. Curtin's declaration that there will be no war unless Japan starts it. Ministers attach great significance to President Roosevelt's communication to the Emperor. The full Australian Cabinet meets at 16-00 to-morrow (Monday). The War Cabinet meets on Wednesday, and the War Council on Thursday.

"JAPAN'S FIGHT FOR LIFE"

NEW YORK:—"Japan cannot count on much help directly or indirectly from Germany," says the "New York Times" to-day commenting on the Far East situation. "She would be fighting for her life and would certainly lose."

SINGAPORE. — Military and R.A.F. personnel have also been recalled.—Reuter.

BURMA GOVT.

RANGOON:—Power has been conferred on the Burma Government to require Burma's able-bodied manpower to perform any work for meeting any actual or apprehended attack or facilitating the operation of His Majesty's forces under an amendment made to-day to the defence of Burma Rules.—A.P.

Roosevelt's Message To Emperor Of Japan

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The State Department announced that President Roosevelt is sending a message to the Emperor of Japan.

Simultaneously, it disclosed new reports of heavy Japanese troop concentrations in Indo-China.

No hint is given regarding the nature of President Roosevelt's message to the Emperor.

It is presumed, however, to be in connection with the current tension in the Pacific.

JAPANESE TROOPS IN INDO-CHINA

Reports reaching the State Department show that Japanese troops being assembled in Indo-China are estimated at 82,000 in south Indo-China and 25,000 in north and on ships in the harbour in Indo-China 18,000, which makes a total of 125,000. These 18,000 and are reported to be on 21 transports in Camran Bay. Other reports have reached the State Department indicating that two large heavily-escorted Japanese convoys were seen this morning, at the southern point of Indo-China, steering westward towards the gulf of Siam (Thailand).

Reaction In Dutch East Indies

BATAVIA:—A calm attitude is maintained here towards the latest developments in Japanese American talks, though an authoritative spokesman stressed that the greatest preparedness was imperative.

The Governor is spending the week-end at his Buitenzorg residence in his usual way but is keeping constant touch with various authorities. The Government departments are closing for the week-end but many officials, instead of leaving Batavia for mountain resorts, are staying nearly for any eventualities although events past week-ended to overshadow the consequences of the Japanese air line to Deli in Portuguese Timor.

There is reason to believe that the Netherlands East Indies Government is watching closely the possibilities of Japanese penetration there and taking the greatest care to prevent a threat from rear in the event of a breakdown of the talks.

Preparations In Philippines

MANILA: Army forces have completed all preparations short of taking up positions.

General Douglas MacArthur, United States Commander-in-Chief in the Far East, is flying to Baguio to-day for a conference to-morrow with the President of the Philippines Mr. Quezon.

ON RUSSIAN FRONT

ENEMY DRIVE HELD UP

Soviets Cut Off Tikhvin

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The Soviet midday communique says that during the night of December 6th our troops fought the enemy on all fronts.

KUJBYSHEV Dec. 7.—Yesterday the new offensive which Soviet troops launched in the Kalinin sector, in temperature 13 degrees below zero. Fahrenheit, has resulted in their expanding and strengthening the area which they hold on the southern or right bank of the Volga.

THEY ALSO FORCED THEIR WAY FROM THE NORTH-WEST INTO THE NORTHERN QUARTER OF THE CITY AND IN AN ATTACK SOUTH-EAST OF THE CITY IN WHICH THERE WAS LARGE-SCALE BAYONET FIGHTING WITH THE GERMAN 162ND AND 86TH DIVISIONS, SEIZED AN IMPORTANT VILLAGE. LATER IN THE DAY SOVIET TROOPS PENETRATED SEVERAL PLACES ON TO THE LENINGRAD HIGHWAY.

This is the resumption of the Soviet offensive which began on November 27th, and lasted three days when Soviet troops gained a number of villages in the Kalinin region, and then quietened down. The position eastward of Orel where Kreiser's and Gorodiansky's troops are defending stubbornly has become somewhat serious, states the "Red Star". Street fighting is going on on the outskirts of an important railway junction.

ENEMY DRIVE HELD UP.

Soviet troops are holding up an enemy drive, causing heavy losses. Guderian is throwing in a new tank division, stated to be the 29th from the south-eastern direction in order to come to the rescue of the 17th tank division, which is still receiving a severe handling from Belov's cavalry and other units north of Stalinogorsk. The new division, however, has been held and forced to retreat to the south.

The troops of Ivanov have completely surrounded the Germans at Tikhvin by cutting the highway on which they were receiving supplies. Following the taking of the important neighbouring point of Lazarevich, a few days ago, the latter success means that the German garrison is in a very serious position. Fighting is now very deadly.

ATTEMPT TO HOLD SOVIET TROOPS FAILS.

This success is important, because had Schwedler managed to break through he would have uncovered the flank of the offensive by Kharitonov and Lopatin westwards towards Rostov. Schwedler tried to hold the Soviet troops by massing artillery, but failed and his local counter-attacks were also unavailing. The Russians have taken several villages, and are moving on according to plan. Kharitonov and Lopatin continue their advance an enemy tank raid having failed.

NAZI CLAIM.

A German communique states that despite severe cold German and Italian troops have won local offensive successive in the Donetz Basin.

Fighting in North Africa continues.

SOVIET AIR FORCE SUCCESSES.

The successes of the Soviet air force on the southern front are chronicled in a supplement to the Soviet Midday communique, which says that during 12 days' fighting the Soviet air force there brought down 82 German planes, destroyed 147 enemy tanks, 86 guns, more than 2,600 lorries, containing infantry and wiped out more than 8,000 enemy troops.—Reuter.

SOVIET ATTACKS ON KALININ FRONT

LONDON, Dec. 6.

A Reuter message from Kuibychev describes Soviet attacks on the Kalinin front as a counter offensive. It adds, German positions were seized despite fierce artillery fire. German batteries were silenced and German losses were heavy.

Earlier in the fighting, a German regiment of infantry was destroyed and also 20 tanks, three guns and the battalion headquarters of the two-fortieth and hundred-sixth infantry regiments.

The Moscow radio describing the attacks says, yesterday (Friday) several Soviet battalions crossed over the ice of the Volga river at several points and captured two important positions on the opposite bank after fierce fighting.

Enemy's Defence Lines Broken Through

Meanwhile, other units moving forward from a line north-west of Kalinin broke through the enemy's defences there after one and a half hours and occupied the village "K." The advance is continuing.

South-east of Kalinin, Russian troops dealt a heavy blow on the 86th and 162nd German Infantry divisions and occupied the important point "U" By Friday night the Rusians had broken through the German lines at several points along the highway to Leningrad.

Retreating Nazi Forces Cut Off

MOSCOW: It was General Remizov's cavalry and Cossack units that suceeded in cutting off part of the Nazi forces. In the wake of the German retreat, the roads are littered with abandoned lorries and wagons. The Russian airforce is heavily attacking Nazi columns as they withdraw westwards.

Berlin Worried About Moscow Front

Reuter's correspondent writes: It is understood from a very reliable source that the German High Command is more worried about the position on the Moscow front than at Rostov.

It appears that the Germans hold that General von Kleist's advance to Rostov was not well enough prepared and therefore it was not surprising that when the Rusians counter-attacked, he retreated. Therefore they say though the position is worrying, it is easily capable of being corrected. The Moscow offensive, on the other hand, despite intense and very careful preparations, has not suceeded and since it has now assumed the nature of a crusade, it is making heaviest demands on Germany.

The Germans admit that a very high percentage of the wounded on the Moscow front die owing to inadequate hospital facilities while intensive laying of landmines by the Soviet is playing havoc with the nerves of the German infantry. Intense cold also is interfering with the repairs of tanks and armoured cars, while letters from the Moscow front received by the Germans are full of gloom and depression.

Moreover the High Command on the Russians counter-attacked, he the Moscow front is daily demanding more and more men. The supply of "volunteers" from Axis and occupied countries is stated to be wholly inadequate and therefore the Germans are being forced to hand the task of policing the occupied countries to satellites. It is understood that Italy, Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria have already been ordered to send troops to Yugoslavia to enable five German divisions there to be withdrawn for Russia. —Reuter.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Says Prof. Daruwala of the Progressive Group: "Your announcement of the Red Cross Ball, and particularly the query, brought in inquiries from donors about the specific funds that will benefit by it. I, therefore, have to give premature publicity to "the distribution of the proceeds between the Russian, the Indian and the British Red Cross as earmarked by the donors." Could you please mention this in the Half-Column on Monday?"

* * *

Well, isn't that good, Professor? Think of the number of people who will come to this function on December 10 now that they know your show is different from the others and that in the Red Cross, you include the Russian as well. The inclusion of the Russian Red Cross (whether inspired by my suggestion or otherwise!) adds colour to your party. Good luck, Professor. I am glad to hear Lady Lumley is going to be present at a function, which contemplates help to the Soviets, however small. It is the first time the wife of the Governor of a Province will be so present. Congratulations, Lady Lumley. Am I throwing too many boquets at Government House? After all, remember, I'm a Fifth Columnist, just a Quisling. How strange this world of journalism is. Pay a compliment and you're a great guy, but one word of criticism and you're just a worm.

* * *

An Australian Association of India has been formed to foster the interests of Australia and "to promote goodwill between Australians and the nationals of India" to centralise the war effort of Australian residents in India and to provide comforts for the troops.

* * *

The idea is excellent and we are glad to see Australians in our midst coming together and including promotion of goodwill among the main objects of the Association. By way of raising funds they are showing a preview of "Kipps" at the Regal on January 15. The proceeds of this show will be divided EQUALLY between funds for hospitality and comforts of AUSTRALIANS and amenities for INDIAN troops. I feel particularly elated to see that the Australian Association remembers our troops in their efforts and that the Australians in India are courteous enough to remember the troops of this country, when they make appeals in this country. Incidentally, couldn't the Association also include among its main objects "the protection of Indian nationals and hotel furniture during visits to this country of He-Men from the Bush"? You know we sometimes feel awfully unsafe.

Books, X'mas Cards,
Pictures, Presents.
THACKERS
RAMPART ROW.

SANK NAZI SUBMARINE: NOW TO BE BISHOP

LONDON, Dec. 7.

A former Sergeant-Major and Naval Air Force pilot who sank a German submarine in the last war, has been nominated by His Majesty the King for election as Bishop of Portsmouth. He is Right Rev. William Louis Anderson, Bishop Suffragan of Croydon. Aged 49, he was Squadron Sergeant-Major of the first King Edwards Horse from 1911 to 1916.

He was a pilot in the Royal Naval Air Service, when he sank a German submarine. He received the distinguished Service Cross in 1917. He has been Chaplain in three warships including the "Royal Oak."—Reuter.

CANADA AT WAR WITH FINLAND & REST

OTTAWA, Dec. 7.

Canada has declared war on Finland, Rumania and Hungary.

Ranji Trophy (W. Zone)

SIND'S LEAD IN 1st. INNINGS

Require 68 Runs To Win

BARODA (1st Innings)	- 178
SIND (1st Innings)	- 237
BARODA (2nd Innings)	- 128

KARACHI, Dec. 7.

A brilliant unbroken partnership for the seventh wicket between Kishenchand and Daudkhan which so far has yielded 93 runs and a superb knock by the former not only saved Sind from a threatened collapse, but placed them in a winning position when the semi-finals of the Western Zone for the Ranji Trophy between Baroda and Sind was continued this morning.

The crowd swelled to 7,000 when Kishenchand and Abdul Shakoor, the overnight not outs, resumed the innings.

The fall of two quick wickets on resumption changed the complexion of the game and the confident tone perceptible in the early stage of Sind's innings gave way to defensive tactics.

Hazare and C. S. Nayudu continued to bowl brilliantly and the latter met with immediate success, having Abdul Shakoor caught in the slips without any addition to the total (78-4-4). Kishenchand, who showed no signs of weakness, was now associated with Abbas Khan but a brilliant return catch by C. S. Nayudu brought about the dismissal of the newcomer (87-5-1).

CENTURY ON BOARD

Naoomal, who stepped, in to the breach amid cheering, opened his account with a risky two off Nayudu. With smart fielding and keen bowling runs came at a slow pace and the thirteen runs needed to complete the century of innings were scored in 45 minutes. C. S. Nayudu captured his third wicket of the day, when Naoomal provided a catch to silly mid-on. In a spell of ten overs, four of which were maidens, Nayudu claimed three wickets at the cost of four runs apiece.

With bowlers having the upperhand and with four wickets in hand Daudkhan joined Kishenchand. With a boundary off Nayudu, Kishenchand obtained his individual fifty. With understanding the batsmen collected many short runs, thus enlivening the game. The pace of scoring accelerated but both Hazare and Nayudu kept on troubling the batsmen.

Quick changes of bowling were now made but with no effect on the batsmen and Hazare ultimately made room for Gae. With a single off Gae the visitors' total was passed amidst deafening cheers, and thereafter, Kishenchand with a three off Nayudu recorded the second century of the innings.

When the teams adjourned for lunch Sind's score was 201 for six.

A SET BACK

The resumption after lunch was marked by a set-back to the Home Side when Kishenchand, who had played a brilliant game—a judicious mixture of caution and enterprise—gave a low catch at silly mid-on to Sheikh, off Hazare (203-7-92). During his stay at the wicket of 250 minutes, Kishenchand displayed a variety of strokes and his faultless innings of 92 included seven boundaries.

Daudkhan greeted Mobed, the next man in, with a pulled three, registering his individual 50, but soon after a smart throw by Sheikh resulted in the batsman being runout (215-8-55). Girdhari, who replaced Daudkhan, did not stay long, being cleanbowled by Hazare for one (224-9-1). Then Mobed skying a ball from Hazare, was held by the substitute for Gae, the Sind innings thus terminated 40 minutes after resumption. The keenness of the bowling was illustrated by Hazare's analysis of 55|23|64|5.

BARODA'S 2ND KNOCK

With a deficit of 59 runs, Baroda went in for the second knock, the opening pair Pandit and Nimbalkar starting in an aggressive style.

The first wicket fell at 24, Pandit being run out (24-1-6). Adhikari, the newcomer, adopted the same tactics, but his innings was cut short when he was held at point, off Amardin (33-2-3). Nimbalkar, whose score included four boundaries and a sixer, was then dismissed for a catch behind the wicket off Shakoor (33-3-23). With three down for 33, C. S. Nayudu and Hazare came together.

HAZARE BEATEN

C. S. Nayudu and Hazare played a cautious game but ill-luck dogged the visitors. Mobed brought up Girdhari in place of Qamardin and the very first ball, a brilliant deep offbreak, shattered Hazare's wicket. The batsman was so baffled by its flight that he did not even attempt to play the ball (62-4-12). Girdhari soon added to his success when smart work behind the wicket by Abbaskhan accounted for the dismissal of C. S. Nayudu (67-5-17).

Indulkar and Sheikh made a supreme effort to stem the rot as the result of which the rate of runs slackened considerably. Indulkar with a hefty sixer off Mobed soon followed by a full-fledged boundary off Girdhari, signalled the century of the innings, scored in 77 minutes, but Mobed had his revenge, cleanbowling Indulkar and had Gorphade caught at deep mid-on off (107-7-0).

The remaining two batsmen were dismisseed for the addition of 17 runs, Sheikh being caught and bowled by Naoomal (124-8-22) and M. M. Naidu stumped off Lakda for (126-9-12), when the visitors' second innings terminated (Gae being indisposed), leaving 63 runs for Sind to make for a victory and with a whole day at their disposal.

BIHAR MAKE 1 RUN SHORT OF BENGAL'S

Exciting Finish In First Innings

BENGAL (1st Innings)	263
BIHAR (1st Innings)	262
BENGAL (2nd Innings) 7 (for nil)	

JAMSHEDPUR, December 7.

A moderate crowd assembled this morning when Bihar resumed their first innings with S. Bagchi and B. Sen to the bowling of Ramchandra and S. Banerjee, their overnight score being 5 for one wicket.

At lunch Bihar scored 105 for five wickets. Playing a gallant and fighting innings, the team scored 226 for 8 wickets at tea.

EXCITING FINISH

Resuming after tea, B. Bose reached his individual 50 after 75 minutes' play and caused anxious moments to the Bengal Team, Bihar now fast approaching Bengal's total. But Khamtata was run out soon (243-9-14). 250 was reached when Choudhury joined Bose and this partnership almost won the match for Bihar. But when Bihar reached 262 and required two runs to win, B. Bose, who was already set, sent up a high catch at deep square leg and Jubber caught it confidently, thus giving a lead to his side by a margin of one run only. Bose's innings of 66 was sparkling and exhilarating. N. Choudhury remained not out six.

BENGAL'S 2ND VENTURE

Bengal team commenced their second innings with Jubber and S. Dutt, former facing the attack of N. Choudhury. After one over the game was closed, Jubber batting three and S. Dutta batting four. Bengal's score at close was seven for no wicket.

N. W. F. P. Win By Innings & 405 Runs

LAHORE, Dec. 7.

In their second innings this morning, the N. W. F. Province were all out for 118 Faqir Hussain being the top scorer with 42 runs. Aslam was the most successful bowler capturing six wickets for 26 runs, Habibullah got one wicket for four runs and Sarafraz two for 45. The N. W. F. Province were out before lunch, their second innings in all lasting an hour and 45 minutes.—A. P.

Week-End Cricket

TALL SCORING, FEATURE OF LOCAL MATCHES

Sunday saw tall scores again going up at various cricket pitches. On the Hindu Gymkhana ground the Islam Gymkhana of Rander playing against Hindu Representative XI gave a good batting display. Y. Ismail remaining unbeaten with 86, and F. H. Filly making 51.

On the Muslim Gymkhana ground the home team defeated the Dr. Kanga XI with a comfortable margin. Y. Aloo retired with a century, this being the highest score.

St. Xavier Wins Rahimtullah Cup

Sunday saw the St. Xavier College defeat the Elphinstone College by an innings and 224 runs—quite a big margin.

The Elphinstonians in their second innings had started well, but their wickets fell cheaply on Sunday, and they were all out for a meagre 195. Thus the St Xavier carries away the Rahimtullah Cup this year.

IN LIBYA

Enemy Column South Of Tobruk Routed

Imperial Forces' Success In Engagement With Armoured Forces

CAIRO, December 7.

A communique states during the last 24 hours there has been considerable activity in the area between El Adem and Bir El Gobi, which is due south of Tobruk. In an action some four miles east of Bir El Gobi an enemy column with about 100 vehicles and two tanks was engaged by South African troops. One tank was knocked out and the transport dispersed and the column forced to withdraw.

Other actions in this general area were still in progress when latest reports reached Cairo. In one of them enemy infantry had attacked British and Indian troops north of Bir El Bobi and we had counter-attacked. Fighting had continued in moon light.

ENGAGEMENT WITH ARMOURED FORCES

Further north again, armoured forces of both sides were reported to have joined battle about midday on the 6th. Reports of the progress of this engagement are not yet to hand, although there are indications that our armoured forces have met some success. South-west of Bir El Gobi yesterday evening, an enemy column with some tanks attacked British troops but met no success. During these engagements in the Bir El Gobi area, our air forces bombed enemy forces while they were refuelling, obtaining many direct hits.

South-east of Tobruk British patrols penetrated several miles south of El Duda without encountering any opposition. These patrols destroyed 15 enemy vehicles and two field guns and captured three German anti-tank guns.

A little further east in the Sidi Rezegh area, South African troops engaged in mopping up operations, captured supplies and petrol dumps, removed or destroyed petrol and burned 62 enemy motor vehicles and two aircraft.

OPERATIONS IN FRONTIER AREA

In the frontier area operations against isolated enemy frontier garrisons are proceeding satisfactorily. Vigorous offensive operations of our mobile columns of all arms continue through the whole area. As a result, apart from a few isolated pockets, very few enemy remain between Tobruk and the frontier. In particular numerous casualties have been reported among enemy vehicles and troops on Trigh-Capuzzo, where a few Germans were captured. Mopping up operations north of the coastal road east of Tobruk resulted in the surrender of 27 Italians, and a little further in the area of Sidi Rezegh-El Adem, the enemy is being subjected to continued harassing. Among the losses inflicted by mobile columns during December 6th, are the destruction of 23 Italian tanks, and a complete Italian battery.

HEAVY AIR RAIDS

Our airforces again continued on their heavy attacks against enemy concentrations and enemy motor vehicle columns in addition to affording direct support to our ground troops. Particularly effective results were obtained in the El Adem area where enemy motor vehicle concentrations were repeatedly attacked and bombs fell among a group of tank transports which were being loaded with enemy tanks.

ENEMY FORCES IN 2 GROUPS

A British military spokesman, commenting on the Libyan battle, declared that the main enemy forces were now in two groups, one south of Tobruk in El Adem area, and the other in isolated frontier positions. The Axis influence was disappearing between Tobruk and the Frontier.

The spokesman added that the proportion of armour is now less in the Libyan engagements. It is mainly between infantry. The fighting is still very heavy, in some cases continuing into the moonlight. The spokesman believed that the bulk of the remaining enemy armoured forces were involved in the battle now going on north of Bir El Gobi.—Reuter.

MADRAS.—The tenth session of the All-India Depressed Classes Conference will be held in January, 1942, under the auspices of the All-India Depressed Classes Association.

'STAGE MUST REFLECT INDIAN LIFE'

On Sunday morning at the New Empire Theatre, Fort, Bombay, the fourth annual dramatic competition of the Lovji Cama Memorial Committee was held when Mr. K. M. Munshi, ex-Home Member of the Bombay Government, presided.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Munshi said amateur drama, if played without resorting to vulgarism of the present-day professional stage in India, can be a great medium for education and culture.

He suggested that the plays that they stage should not be of European writers but should reflect Indian life in Indian languages.

Mr. H. D. Doongaji, Joint Secretary of the Committee after welcoming the president gave a brief account of the Committee's activities and ideals.

The first prize in the competition awarded to Mr. J. Bhawanagry while the second prize was divided between Miss Aloo Dubash and J. Anklesaria. The supporters prize was given to R. B. Billimoria and the School prize to Miss K. Rumwala.

On behalf of Mr. Ahemad Abbas who was one of the Judges a special prize was announced in favour of Mr. R. B. Billimoria for his writing an original play.

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI AT BROACH

(From Our Correspondent.)

BROACH, Dec. 5.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mahdeobhai Desai arrived here this evening from Baroda. A large and distinguished gathering, including Dr. Chandulal Desai, Sjt. Chotubhai Purani and Sjt. Motilal Vin, accorded them a warm reception at the Railway Station. After the reception they drove to Seva Ashram. They will leave tomorrow morning for Surat.

Prizes Awarded In Elocution Competition

The annual elocution competition for the Parsi students attending matriculation classes held under the auspices of the Khurshed Mandal took place at the Master's Tutorial High School, Gowalia Tank. 24 candidates from different schools participated in it. The following candidates were declared successful:—

First Prize:—a Gold Medal was won by Mr. Sorab J. Kanga, second prize by Mr. Behram H. Warden, and the third prize by Miss Katie M Dalal. A consolation prize was awarded to Mr. Maneck A Gagrat on the unanimous recommendation of the Judges.

The following persons kindly acted as Judges:—

Miss Khorshed J. Bharda, Dr. Jehanbux D. Masani, T.D., Mr. Piloo R. Patel. Mr. Hormusji S. Mistry the Chairman, thanked the three Judges for having graced the occasion with their presence.

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DEPEND ON DAILY VITAMINS A and D

IN EVERY SINGLE DROP 80 TIMES MORE PROTECTIVE VITAMIN A
IN EVERY SINGLE DROP 30 TIMES MORE SUNSHINE VITAMIN D
THAN IN STANDARD COD-LIVER OIL

Protective vitamin A and sunshine vitamin D are vital elements in your diet. If they are deficient you can never be at your best or look your best. Dull eyes, poor complexion, susceptibility to illness, and a general 'out of sorts' feeling are common signs of vitamin shortage. By far the richest source of these all-important vitamins is Crookes' Halibut Oil. Doctors know its value well and prescribe it often. A few drops only are a full dose—it cannot be fattening or indigestible—but what a difference it makes to your well-being—clear eyes, clear skin, resistance to illness, new vigour and capacity to enjoy life to the full.

Start CROOKES' PURE HALIBUT OIL to-day
'COLLOSOL' BRAND (Regd.)
All Crookes' Halibut preparations are entirely untouched by hand before they reach the consumer.
The Crookes Laboratories (British Colloids Ltd.), Park Royal, London, England
BOMBAY: 10 Graham Road, Ballard Estate
10

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NO FEAR OF THAT—THANKS TO QUICK LUX DIPS

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MUTT AND JEFF—After All, Somebody Has to Peel the Darned Things — By BUD FISHER

SIR, CAN'T I BE PUT ON SENTRY DUTY FOR A CHANGE? I'M ALWAYS DOIN' K.P.!
WELL-ER-DO YOU KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT SENTRY DUTY?
HECK, ANYBODY CAN MARCH UP AND DOWN WITH A RIFLE ON HIS SHOULDER!
YES, BUT SUPPOSE YOU SAW A SUSPICIOUS LOOKING CHARACTER AROUND-WHAT WOULD YOU DO?
I'D SHOUT HALT! WHO GOES THERE?
SUPPOSE HE STARTED TO RUN - WHAT WOULD YOU DO?
I'D SHOOT AT HIM! BOOM!
CORRECT! BUT SUPPOSE HE SHOT AT YOU?
OH, THEN I'D RUN!
K.P.
8-12

No Wind Pains for your baby!

A tummy full of wind means real pain for baby, and it means that food is fermenting instead of digesting. Disperse the wind and make baby comfortable with a little DINNEFORD'S Pure Fluid Magnesia. For over 100 years this mild fluid form of magnesia has been the safest remedy for acidity. With Dinneford's — a baby is content.

SAFE GENTLE yet very EFFECTIVE

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ANNOUNCING

MESSAGE OF HEALTH

A Woman's "good health" contributes not a little to the happiness of a household as she plays the leading part in domestic life. Her illness handicaps the members of the family and throws the home into disorder. She should therefore keep herself "fit" and thus promote the Joy of her Home. She will find in "LODHRA" the best health giver and remedy for feminine complaints.

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BEST REMEDY

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CAN YOU FACE THE MIRROR?

Make this early morning test. First thing on waking up, study your face in the mirror. If you look horrible with puffy eyelids and a muddy complexion, there is something wrong with your inside. Constipation does play havoc with our faces.

SIMPLEST WAY TO HEALTH & BEAUTY

Just take two tablets of CASTOPHENE Chocolate Laxative and its mild yet thorough action will rid your system of all poisonous wastes and give you a flawless complexion.

CHILDREN LOVE TAKING IT

Although CASTOPHENE contains refined castor oil, it tastes of good chocolate. Obtainable at all good chemists and stores

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REPLACEMENT BUYING ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Improvement In Japanese News

SELLERS HOLDING BACK

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

On Friday there was considerable replacement buying and short covering on the New York Cotton Exchange on improvement in Japanese news.

The New York cotton market continues sensitive and with a slightly favourable news, there was considerable buying which raised cotton prices by about one dollar per bale. This goes to prove that the sentiment is bullish and eventually prices will be pushed higher.

It is too early to form any responsible opinion regarding Japanese developments and one has to be very careful. The next Bureau report will be out on Monday and it will be advisable to await the same as the market is becoming overbought.

NEW YORK MARKET

On the New York cotton market there was commission house liquidation and New Orleans selling followed by a sharp rally on trade and replacement buying, short covering and improvement in Japanese news and outside markets with offerings consisting of hedging and profit-taking.

At the opening March was quoted unchanged at 16.88 and declined to 16.75 which was the lowest level. Thereafter there was increased buying and March rose to 17.12 which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a net rise of 18 to 23 points. Spot cotton prices gained 21 points at 18.24c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was also very steady with improved buying and closed at a rise of 17 to 21 points. Spot cotton price was raised 15 points at 17.28c. per lb.

BRAZILIAN TEXTILES

Talk that treasury may not freeze some refugee funds helped cotton despite renewed quietness of textiles. Brazilian textilers received many export orders this year especially from the Netherland East Indies which has already bought forty million metres Brazilian piecegoods and are willing to buy a further three hundred. Mills are seeking permission to work longer hours.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:— Any hollow structure can hardly bear the weight of heavy load, so also extensive speculatively bought market can scarcely digest the grave political developments in the Far East. That shook off the structure by the relapse in prices by rupees six. But, remember, that was only a small part of the heavy load and the major portion is yet to come for liquidation should the conflagration in the Far East set in. In the midst of this ding dong speculative craze, a squeeze in December/January contract seems to have been brushed aside. But its importance and subsequent repercussions on the market cannot be minimised. We all appreciate that when such 'corners' are attempted, they are said to be in the 'interest' of farmers but all we ask whether they are dealt with fairly and squarely for the welfare of farmers. Episode of last May Broach 'corner' tells us how discrimination was made in selecting qualities and their premiums and this should be sufficient for farmer to know whether such serious disparity in their various growths are in their own 'interest'. That is the problem for the farmers to decide themselves and to know whether such 'corners' are beneficial to them. Then again, it is for the organisation of trade to decide whether its trading contract is meant for hedge purpose or a delivery contract.

Despite all the protestations of Japanese officials and delegates to continue the talks, the latest Washington cables are highly conflicting on the nature of Tokio's reply to President Roosevelt. Japanese delegates in Washington stated yesterday that their reinforcement of troops in Indo-China has not transgressed the Vichy-Jap protocol. Further Washington political observers suggest that consideration over Tokio's reply to President Roosevelt will be suspended pending the receipt of Japan's decision on the Hull memorandum.

PRIVATE CABLES—

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Decreased hedge selling. Improved trade buying. Sellers holding back. Undertone good.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Dec. 6.

October	.....
December	16.74
January	16.82
March	17.05
Middling Spot	18.16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Dec. 6.

October	.....
December	16.75
January	16.86
March	17.09
Middling Spot	17.29

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTIC.
New York, Dec. 6.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	16,000

LONDON EXCHANGE.
London, Dec. 6.

T. T. London on:—

New York	4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	16.85/16.95
Rozario Santa Fe	Closed
Barletta Russo	.....
South Australian	.....

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Dec. 6.

Ruppee paper 3-1/2 per cent	£
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	
Consols 2-1/2 per cent	
Conversion loan 3-1/2 per cent	Closed
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent	
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	
Victory bonds 4 per cent	
Charactered Bank of I A & China	
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	
National Bank of India	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay: December 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year	Last year
Khandesh	561	3,999	14,614
Central India	212	2,866	1,923
Barsi and Nagar		11,129	5,105
Hyderabad/Gaorani	24	194	1,116
Berar	574	16,914	[illegible]*90
Central Provinces	212	5,933	671
Total Oomras	1,703	41,033	48,099
Dholeras	209	11,968	2,539
N.-W. Provinces		949	3
Rajputana		79	369
Sind-Punjab	4,963	104,056	109,772
Broach	199	13,449	4,423
Coompta & Dharwar		5,206	18,970
Westerns-Northerns		5,331	18,295
Cocanada			170
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		7,246	522
Total	7,074	189,254	203,072
Arrived by road to 4th Dec. 1941		14,500	24,000

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS
Bombay, December 6

Groundnuts February—			
Opening	Rs.	46	12 0
Highest		46	15 0
Lowest		46	4 6
Closing		46	10 0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening		26	13 0
Highest		26	13 0
Lowest		26	4 6
Closing		26	7 6
Castorseeds May—			
Opening		46	3 0
Highest		46	12 0
Lowest		46	3 0
Closing		46	9 0

Shri Mahajan Assocn.

Bombay: December 6

The following rates prevailed in the market on 6th day of December 1941:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VARDAS: APRIL/MAY 1941/42

11 a.m. (B.T.) to 12-30 p.m. (B.T.) General meeting.

1-p.m. (B.T.)	Rs.	250/4
2-30 p.m. (B.T.)	Rs.	250/4
April/May 41/42 Highest	Rs.	251/8
April/May 41/42 Lowest	Rs.	249/8

SUGAR MARKET
Bombay, December 6

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—
Ready Java from Bond Rs. 13-8-0
African from Bond Rs. 13-4-0
Shipment September Rs 11-0-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 16-12-0 to 17-4-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 17-5-0 to 18-0-0
Bombay Group March delivery Rs. 13-10-0
Tone:—Steady.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, December 6

Ready and delivery contract new:—
Bengal Fine Old 143-46 Ready 153
Berar Old 181-86 Dec Par Jan —2
C P 1 Old 223-26 Dec +23 Jan +21
C P 2 Old 186-91
Khandesh Old 146-56
Mugiai Old 161-66
Broach Old 208-13
Broach Low Old 153-73

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS
Bombay, December 6

Wheat January		0	4 6
Wheat May		0	11 0
Linseed May		1	3 0
Groundnut February		4	0 0
Castorseed May		5	8 0
Cottonseed January		1	6 0
Silver 1st settlement		1	8 0
Silver 2nd settlement		3	4 0
Gold 1st settlement		1	6 0
Gold 2nd settlement		3	0 0

BOMBAY METALS
Bombay, December 6

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	140	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	125	0 0
Iron Firm			

INVITING! INSPIRING!!

DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S

Khazanchi

THE YEAR'S MERRIEST MUSICAL

36th Week

KRISHNA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. Matinee: 1 p.m.

EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Robert Morley
Emlyn Williams

in the haunting musical drama

YOU WILL REMEMBER

MUSIC, DRAMA, ROMANCE.

If You Have A Darling Wife, Should You Gamble?

Gharki Laj

Will Tell You What You Should Do!

8th WEEK 8th

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

3rd

THIRD TRIUMPHANT WEEK!

National's Delightful Film

NAI-ROSHNI

AT

PATHE

Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Mat. at 12-30 on Sun. & Holidays

BURMA RICE CONTROL

RANGOON, Dec. 6.

It is understood that the Government of Burma with a view to ascertaining if any modifications could be effected of the rice control scheme, are taking into further consideration the views submitted recently by the deputation on behalf of the Rice Merchants Associations of Indian, Burma and Ceylon.

The Government's decision on the matter is expected shortly.—A. P.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: December 6.

	Rs.	a.	p.
64/2 Koru Nissin—			
Spot	59	6	0
December	59	10	0
84/2 Koru Nissin—			
Spot	46	0	0
December	46	8	0
62/2 Any—			
Spot	3	13	3
December	3	14	3
80/2 Any—			
Spot	4	6	6
December	4	7	6
150 Any—			
Spot	3	13	0
December	3	14	0

LINSEED AND WHEAT
Bombay, December 6

Linseed May	9	8	3
Wheat January	5	15	6
Wheat May	7	4	0

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
Bombay, December 6

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 144 28 135 35 133 42 132 49-56 131.

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 145 24 142 28 138 35 136 42 134 49-56 132

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 72 Rosita Rs. 69 Country make Rs. 62. Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 28 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 56 per qr.

Settlement rates:—

Copper sheets Posh Rs. 128 Chaitra Rs. 135 Highest Rs. 142.

Pigiead 'B.M.' Magsar Rs. 27 Maha Rs. 28 Tin Ingot Penang Magsar Rs. 55/8 Maha Rs. 56/8.

Market tone:—Very strong.

New York Stock Exchange

New York: December 6.

Following are the New York Stock Exchange prices:—

General Motors dol 36 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 27 1/2
United States Steel Common dol 52 1/8
U S Steel Preference dol. 116 1/2.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION
HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay, December 6

Yarn No. 6 1/2s December 250 February 251 April 252

Yarn No. 10 1/2s December 275 February 276 April 277

Yarn No. 20 1/2s December 515 February 495 April 485

Yarn No. 40s December 600 February 605 April 610

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s, are nominal.

PEPPER AND GINGER
Bombay, December 6

Alleppey Pepper ready per candy	102	0	0
Maha Sud 15	101	8	0
Chaitra Sud	104	8	0
Ginger ready	37	0	0
Mah. Sud 15	30	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	30	0	0

COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, December 6

	Extra Sprune	Sup	Fine	FG Good
M G Bengal U P		157	155	153 150
M G Punjab		157	155	153 150
M G Oomra No. 3	218	215	212	209
M G C P No. 1	244	241	238	235
M G C P No. 2	229	226	223	220

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales.	1941-42	1940-41
Receipts to date 5-12-41	1951000	2072000
Receipts yesterday 5-12-41	21000	21000
Export to date 28-11-41	466000	479000
Stock at Ports 28-11-41	3398000	3199000
Stock at Interior Towns 28-11-41	3337000	3254000
Quantity in sight 28-11-41	5712000	5902000

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: December 6.

689 pcs black wrought steel pipe, 50 cases steel hinges, 702 cases Argyrol antiseptic, 33 rolls wrapping paper, 68 pkgs refrigerators, 73 cases Listerine, 48 coils round black copper rods, 75 ctns Kotex sanitary pads, 3253 lengths black steel pipe, 87 ctns elect light bulbs, 45 rolls wire mesh, 1483 bales cotton raw, 200 bags gum, 185 bags dry ginger, 38 bags fresh ginger, 350 kollies hooka shells, 1222 cases empty beer bottles, 36938 bags copra, 50 bags turmeric, 42 bags katchur, 54 coils coir rope, 200 cases perf soap 369 bdls wooden shooks, 100 jottas coir yarn 100 cases coffee ground, 380 nos pine planks, 2009 nos mango plank, 120 pkgs rubber, 72 cases ghee, 60 bdls aluminium ingots, 151 nongs empty steel drums, 161 nos light wood planks, 3756 bags cocoanuts.

EXPORTS

Bombay: December 6.

293 bags corriander seed M Shethna and Co; 658 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros Ltd; 640 bags myrabollam K Tricamji; 95 bls cotton pcegoods C Ujansibhoy; 66 bags gum Nemchand Premchand and Co; 100 bales cotton pcegoods The O'Conner Trading Corptn Ltd 311 bls cotton pcegoods Italindia Cotton Co Ltd; 100 bls yellow wool Ralli Bros Ltd; 50 bls raw wool Vijaysingh and Co; 45 bls raw wool C Lister and Co; 25 bls raw wool H A Panju; 10 bales raw wool Tulsidas Khimji; 2560 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Raja Oil Mills; 200 bags bone meal B Ardeshir and Co; 500 bales raw cotton Bhaidas Mawji and Co Ltd; 15 bls raw wool Haji Dada Haji Valimahomed; 46 bls cotton pcegoods Vadilal Ltd; 30 bls cotton cleaning cloth The Bombay Co Ltd; 95 bls cotton grey yarn Dev and Co; 42 bls cotton yarn The O'Connor Trading Corptn Ltd; 281 bls cotton yarn G N Musry; 243 bls cotton pcegoods G N Musry; 99 bls cotton pcegoods H M Ghazanfur and Co; 54 bls cotton pcegoods S Mohanlal and Co; 66 bls cotton pcegoods C Kasturchand; 75 bls cotton pcegoods Vasanji Lalji and Sons; 10 bls cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros Ltd; 126 bls cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 23 bls cotton yarn Keshavji Virji and Co; 12 bls cotton pcegoods N D Lavi and Co; 10 bls cotton pcegoods Keshavji Virji and Co; 1020 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 7-12 1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours .045 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.6 degrees (1.6 above normal.)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.4 degrees (5.3 above normal.)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 86 p. c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 105 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 18 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10.)

Earthquake report:—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 10510 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba observatory at 03h 14m I.S.T. on 7th Dec. 1941

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 7-12-41.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.92 inches.

For the correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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FRUTICO EYE DROPS

- REFRESHES the eyes
- IMPROVES the sight
- CURES red, tired eyes
- RELIEVES head-ache

"Frutico Eye Drops is not only giving relief to my eyes, but great relief to my severe headaches."
Mrs. S. E. L. Bargaon.

"Frutico Eye Drops has done wonders to my sight—since I have commenced applying Frutico Eye Drops I have discarded my glasses."
C. H. Vigar, Agra.

Rs. 2-2 per bottle. V.P.P.
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SURE HARMLESS SAFE

Saridon

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EVERY PERSON SHOULD TRY THE NEW Listerine Tooth Paste

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Detergent energy released at first touch of saliva. Whitens, brightens, polishes—cleans decay areas never before reached.

●The new Luster-Foam detergent in Listerine Tooth Paste works a miracle in your mouth. The moment saliva touches it, it generates thousands upon thousands of tiny bubbles alive with detergent energy. It penetrates into decay-ridden "blind spots" ordinary pastes, powders, even water, seldom reach. It protects the gum line where germs breed and decay acids form. It sweeps away every tiny decaying food particle, cleans thoroughly, reduces dental troubles to a minimum. Extremely economical too, you use less.

WHEN YOU HAVE LOST YOUR

TRAIN

TICKET

TEMPER

ALL IS NOT LOST IF YOU STILL HAVE YOUR

WILLS'S CAPSTAN CIGARETTES

"THEY'RE BLENDED BETTER"

CAP/170

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THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO
43, Forbes Street BOMBAY 1

Monday, December 8, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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U. P. CONGRESS LEGISLATORS CONDEMN IRRESPONSIBLE RULE

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

The following resolutions 'inter alia' were passed at the meeting of the U P. Congress legislators held to-day under the presidentship of Pandit Gobind Ballabh Pant:—

The Congress Party of the U. P. Legislature representing the vast majority of the people of this province meeting together after more than a year during which period nearly all the members have undergone imprisonment of detention in prison without trial for upholding the fundamental rights of the people, offers its greetings to the people of the province and expresses its admiration for their brave and determined stand against autocratic rule.

The party rejoices and is proud of the fact that the people of this province have taken the lead in the struggle for national freedom and have demonstrated even in the limited and restricted manner that they were called upon to do so by the leaders of the nationalist movement their capacity for disciplined sacrifice for India's independence.

This meeting declares that the indefinite suspension of the legislature and its substitution by authoritarian rule without check or hindrance and in direct defiance of the popular will as represented by the elected members of the Legislature is an outrage on the liberties of the people and on well-established constitutional usage and practice. Such authoritarian rule has no sanction behind it.

The people are in no way bound by its enactments, commitments or other activities.

The meeting has noted that this authoritarian rule has not only replaced the popular elements of the Government that was responsible to the legislature but has altogether changed the entire spirit of the administration and in many respects directly set aside or ignored the policies that had the sanction of the popular will.

The members of the United Provinces Legislature in this meeting assembled declare that they can, in no wise, submit to any irresponsible authority and that they owe their allegiance to their constituencies, to the people of the province and to the national organisation to which they have the honour to belong and under whose auspices and with whose programme they sought election. They are pledged to be true to that allegiance and to the cause of India's independence. To swerve from it, would mean being false to their pledge, to their election manifesto and to the faith reposed in them by the people of the province.

This meeting has noted that the treatment accorded to political prisoners both those who have been convicted and those who have been detained without trial has been petty minded and devoid of humanity and in particular those who have been placed in class "C" have been subjected to harassment and indignity.

This treatment of persons who in many cases were elected representatives of the people and who in all cases were struggling peacefully for their national freedom is significant of the mentality of an administration which gives far better treatment to its prisoners of war.—A. P.

Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar (3rd from right, front row) the well-known scientist and member of the inspection committee of the university chemical technological laboratories who is on an inspection tour, was entertained at a tea party by the Indian Chemical Societies (Bombay Branch) at the Brabourne Stadium on Friday evening. A picture taken on the occasion. On his left is seen Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas.

Bring Enlightenment To Village Dwellers

Miss Indira Nehru's Appeal At U. P. Students Conference

CAWNPORE, Dec. 6.

Inaugurating the Fifth U. P Students' Conference held to-day under the Presidentship of Dr. Hussain Zahir, Miss Indira Nehru said that she welcomed the idea when she heard that the U P Students' Federation was holding a cultural conference She added that for the cultural advance of a people, an atmosphere of political freedom is an absolute necessity. She continued that the efforts of the students should be to raise the cultural and political level of their people to such heights where national culture would merge into the international.

The student movement was a part of the general political movement in their country. Those who endeavoured the change in basic organisation of the society should not allow themselves the comforts of sectarianism.

The students should not confine their activities to the students movement alone. They should go to the villages and establish contact with the peasantry There was no reason why their dramatic clubs and music associations should not give performances in villages and why other students' societies should not reach out into the country and bring enlightenment to the people.

Dr. Hussain Zahir, President of the Conference, in his presidential address stressed the necessity of educating the illiterates and held that the students could take part in politics. He also dwelt at length on the International situation with special reference to India.

Mr. S. S. Mehdi, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcomed the delegates.—A. P.

JAWAHAR TO DELIVER KAMALA LECTURE

Calcutta University Senate's Choice

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

The Senate of Calcutta University, at its meeting this afternoon, appointed Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Sir Akbar Hydari, Member for Information of the Government of India, and Sir Jogendra Singh as Kamala Lecturers of the University for three consecutive years. The subject of Pt. Nehru's lecture will be "The discovery of India", while those of Sir Akbar and Sir Jogindra will be "Indian Unity—Historical and Cultural" and "Rise of Sikism and its contributions to Indian Nationhood", respectively.

Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee, placing the proposals before the Senate, pointed out that the combination of these three eminent men represented the sum total of public opinion in National life.—A. P.

Kalappa In Madras

MADRAS, Dec. 7.

Mr. V. R. Kalappa, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, arrived in Madras last evening. He will stay in the city for about three days and then proceed on a tour of South-India in the course of which he will visit important labour centres such as Coimbatore, Madura and Mysore and ascertain of Labour regarding proposals for a comprehensive All-India Labour Legislation.

He meets the city workers tomorrow.—A. P.

"GOOD SCOPE FOR COMPROMISE"

Kunwar G. Narain Hopes Congress Will Make 'Reciprocal Response'

LUCKNOW, Dec. 6.

"Mahatma Gandhi's statement gives good scope for compromise if it is thoroughly examined," says Kunwar Guru Narain, General Secretary of the All-India Nationalist League. He adds: "Convinced as Mahatma Gandhi is to carry on his campaign he is prepared to allow the Working Committee of the Congress to discuss and revise its policy, and it may be that while keeping himself aloof he may allow the Congress to give a trial once again on its revised policy.

After congratulating the Viceroy and the members of the newly expanded Executive Council, Kunwar Guru Narain hopes that the Congress would make a reciprocal response.

"Talk of independence will be a misnomer if India falls a victim to aggression. Once again circumstances have so shaped themselves that the Congress can revise its policy. This is the testing time for the Congress—now or never. I hope wiser counsels will prevail and with the complete Indianisation of the Viceroy's Executive Council the Congress will resume Parliamentary work at the Centre as well as in the Provinces, during the period of the war and create a better atmosphere to build the future destinies of the country.—A. P.

STUDENTS LATHI-CHARGED AND DISPERSED

GAUHATI, Dec. 6.

About 30 persons received injuries as a result of a lathi charge by the police on a students' demonstration on the Gauhati-Shillong road to-day, the injuries of two being rather serious, following an incident this morning near the College premises, in which a student was reported to have been assaulted, all the students of the local College and schools went on strike and staged a demonstration on the Gauhati-Shillong road. The police made two lathi charges on the demonstrators and dispersed them.—A. P.

DARBHANGA INVITES HINDU SABHA

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

Kumar Ganganand Sinha, M.L.C. (Bihar), President of the Bihar Provincial Hindu Sabha, in a press statement, says:

The Maharajadhiraj of Darbhanga has invited the Mana sabha to hold the 23rd session of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha at Darbhanga on dates already fixed, that is, December 24 to 27. Mr. Sinha, as President of the Provincial Hindu Sabha and the working chairman of the Reception Committee, has accepted the offer.

It is understood that in view of the fact that Darbhanga is a banned district in Bihar, the Government are being informed of a change in the venue.—United Press.

Kedar's Offer To Rusticated Students

NAGPUR, Dec. 6.

Lieut. Col. Kedar, Vice-Chancellor of Nagpur University, announces that even at this late stage, if the five rusticated students of Amraoti apologised, he would be prepared to persuade the University to accept their apology and close the unfortunate incident. He says that the incident would have been closed long ago if the students had withdrawn the "insulting and defamatory language used against their principal."

It will be recalled that this incident resulted in a walkout by the students from the Convocation last month.—A. P.

Ribbentrop's New Mission

Will Settle "Antagonisms" Of Balkan Countries

BERNE, Dec. 6

The German Foreign Minister Von Ribbentrop left Berlin in order to visit Budapest, Bucharest and Sofia taking proposals which aim at settling the "antagonisms" of the Balkan countries, says the Berlin correspondent of the "Journal de Geneve".

He says that Sofia is reported to have informed Berlin that Turco-Bulgarian relations have failed to correspond with Bulgarian wishes. Bulgaria wants the agreement with Rumania about Dobruja revised in her favour.

The chief problem, however, is the dispute between Hungary and Rumania over Transylvania, of which, the correspondent says, "no effective method of settlement has yet been found."

About the German talks with Vichy, the correspondent declares: "Although there is confirmation in the Wilhelmstrasse of the second meeting between Marshal Petain and Field Marshal Goering, it is declared in well-informed circles that the Franco-German conversations will continue."—Reuter

PERRY REGIME IN KOLHAPUR

(From Our Correspondent.)

KOLHAPUR, Dec. 4.

Grave allegations of systematic corruption have been made by Forest Contractors against Mr. T. R. Mohite, Conservator of Forests Kolhapur. Police made a surprise raid of Mohite's bungalow and seized alleged incriminating articles. Police also have attached account books extending over several years of petrol pump owners.

THUNDERSHOWERS IN MALABAR

POONA, Dec. 7.

The weather has been dry over the country except a few thundershowers, Malabar and Trivandrum reporting one and half inches. Temperatures were five to ten degrees fahrenheit above normal in West Deccan and along and near the Northwest Frontier.

Local showers are likely in Southeast Madras and a few light showers in Kashmir.

Night temperatures will fall in West Deccan and along and near the Northwest frontier.—A. P.

60 MILLION DOLLARS FOR CHINA'S AIR-CRAFT

CHUNGKING, Dec. 6.

The Chinese National Aviation Association hopes to raise 60 Million Chinese Dollars for the purchase of aircrart for the Chinese Air Force through a nationwide One-Dollar Aeroplane Fund.

The response of Chinese overseas is particularly encouraging according to an official of the Association.

The Chinese of Batavia have contributed a million dollars and the Chinese of Hongkong are raising a million dollars in Hongkong currency.—Reuter.

Belgian King Marries Commoner

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

According to the Transradio broadcasting system, King Leopold of the Belgians has married again. His marriage to a pretty commoner is revealed to-day in a pastoral letter by the Archbishop of Belgium Monsigneur Van Roey.

The bride is Mary Libia Baels the daughter of a former Governor of East Flanders.

The pastoral letter will be read in all Belgium churches to-morrow. The marriage took place at Brussels recently.—Reuter.

No Warrant For Change In Policy, Says Joshi

AMRAOTI, Dec. 6.

Mr. Wamanrao Gopal Joshi, former President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, who was recently elected to the Central Legislative Assembly in the bye-election from Berar arising out of Mr. M. S. Aney's elevation to the Viceroy's Executive Council, was among those released from Nagpur jail to-day. There are now no more Satyagraha prisoners in Nagpur jail.

Interviewed, Mr. Joshi said the present jail delivery did not warrant a change in the present Congress attitude.—A. P.

LITVINOFF IN AMERICA

Expresses Gratitude For U. S. Contributions To Soviet Army

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 6.

"I am loking forward to meeting your great President again," declared M. Litvinoff on arrival here. "I am very happy to be in your country."

Army and Navy officers greeted M. Litvinoff as well as officials of the Russian Embassy.

Speaking rapidly and in exellent English, Litvinoff said, "the armed forces of Russia will continue their fight in fortune or misfortune. They will continue with the same heroism which has already brought them the recognition of the whole world. I want to express, on my people's behalf, appreciation for the substantial contributions the American people are making in the common cause of annihilating the enemy of humanity, Hitler, by affording material and substantial support to the Red Army."—Reuter.

KELKAR ON AFTER-MATH OF AMNESTY

POONA, Dec. 5.

"The Central Government has certainly deserved well both of their friends and opponents in taking the step of releasing the political prisoners. I only hope that they would not forfeit the grace of this act by unnecessary discrimination", said Mr. N. C. Kelker in an interview to the Associated Press.

"The release of political prisoners has no meaning for me unless it leads to some constructive programme in the political sense, as for example, the opening of the gates of Provincial Assemblies and forming Coalition Ministries.

PARLIAMENTARY ACTIVITY.

On the other hand Mahatma Gandhi's statement indicates that he is opposed to such a programme. Stretching my imagination to the farthest point possible, I can perceive the same situation as was approved of in Poona by the well-known Poona Pact as between Mahatma Gandhi and his followers and not the Poona Pact as between Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Ambedker. Beyond that point I can imagine nothing, for the relation between Mahatma Gandhi and his followers are so peculiar that it would be foolish on anybody's part to make any prophesy. As to the conflict between the two, all that I can do is to hope that now that so far his followers have remained true to Mahatma Gandhi in spite of their conscience, for once at least in the true interest of the country they should come out, and be true to themselves. This would certainly not be registered as a sin in the account books of heaven."—A. P.

DALMIANAGAR WORKERS' STRIKE

PATNA, Dec 6.

Nearly 2,000 workers of the different factories of the Rohtas Industries Limited, Dalmianagar, have struck work according to a report received here.

The strike began on December 3 following, it is stated, the refusal by the management to concede to certain demands of the workers.

The demands include 'inter alia' recognition of the Rhotas Industries Mazdoor Sangh by the management and increment of the existing war allowance and fixation of minimum wage at Rs 15 per month.

Meanwhile, efforts are being made by Mr. N. Bakshi, I.C.S., Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police to bring about a settlement.—A. P.

Nationwide Walk-Out Of Welders

Sequel To Rejection Of Demand For Separate Union

MORGAN TOWN (West Virginia), Dec. 6.

A nationwide walkout of welders has been called for Tuesday morning, unless there is Government intervention.

The United Brotherhood of Welders, cutters and helpers are in disagreement with the American Federation of Labour over the rejection of demands for a separate union.

They will bring out 75,000 men working in shipyards and defence factories.—A. P.

Bolivia In "Lend And Lease" Circle

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

Bolivia and the United States have signed a Lease and Lend Agreement whereby Bolivia will be supplied with important quantities of guns, munitions and war supplies under the most favourable terms to strengthen the Defences of Bolivia as part of the broad-scale programme of Hemisphere Defence.

The amount involved is reliably understood to be approximately ten million dollars.—Reuter.

A.I.S.A. COUNCIL TO MEET AT BARDOLI

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7.

The meeting of the Council of the All India Spinners' Association, which was to have been held at Wardha on December 17, 18 and 19, will now be held in Bardoli on the same dates. Mahatma Gandhi will preside.

Besides the members, the Secretaries of the Provincial Branches of the Association have been invited to attend the meeting where matters relating to the administration of the Association as also the increase in the production of khadi, in view of the increasing demand of the cloth, will be discussed.—A. P.

"ABOVE THEIR STANDARD"

(From A Correspondent)

KARACHI (By Mail).

The meeting of the Arabic teachers of the Karachi High Schools and other persons interested in the teaching of Arabic have resolved that the Mukhtarat ul-Adab, prescribed as Arabic Text book for the Matric Students is above their standard, and therefore request the University of Bombay to select such other books as may be below the standard of the present book Mukhtarat-ul-Adeb.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day:

CHARLIE CHAN — NO EAR FOR ALIBIS — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

ERIC MARLIN! THIS TIME I'VE CAUGHT YOU FLAT!
YOU'RE CRAZY, CHIEF! I JUST GOT HERE!
FIRST HENDERSON, AND NOW POOR JIMMY OLSEN, AS FINE A MAN AS EVER LIVED! YOU'LL BURN FOR THIS!
I TELL YOU THE KILLER DROVE OFF!
SAVE YOUR BREATH! YOU WON'T HAVE IT LONG!
THE WATCHMAN SAID A CLOWN NAMED BALL — DID IT!
WHAT'S THE MATTER, CHIEF?
THIS RAT ROBBED THE BANK AND SHOT AND KILLED JIMMY OLSON—LOOK AFTER THE BODY UNTIL I GET BACK!
Alfred Andriola
1-25
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